

ABSENCE OF REPORT

From Russian Admiral Causes Delay In Explanation of Action.

England Has Made Formal

Demands on Russia, Couched in Language Which Is Said to Preclude any Diplomatic Quibble. Emperor Nicholas Telegraphs His Regrets.

Berlin, Oct. 25.—Lieut. Gen. Count von Tschadow has written to the Tageblatt as follows:

"Admiral Rojstvensky is an extremely nervous man who is thrown into violent excitement through trifles. It is all the more remarkable that he was appointed to a command to which he was least suited."

London, Oct. 25.—8:12 p. m.—It is officially stated that no announcement will be made this evening with reference to the negotiations between the British and Russian governments for the purpose of obtaining an explanation of the North Sea affair. Lord Lansdowne was engaged with his private secretary until late this afternoon.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 25.—Emperor Nicholas has telegraphed to King Edward, expressing his deep regret at what occurred in the North Sea, Saturday, and express sympathy with the families of the killed and wounded fishermen.

London, Oct. 25.—In the note despatched to St. Petersburg yesterday the British government put forward certain definite demands in language which it is understood leaves little opening for any suggestion of a compromise. These comprise apology for the Russian squadron in firing on the British fishing fleet in the North Sea, Saturday morning, and full compensation for the sufferers. It is further insisted that a searching inquiry shall be instituted with all despatch and under conditions which will insure that appropriate action shall follow the result of the investigation. Other words that the responsibility shall be fixed and punishment meted out to the offenders, whoever they may be.

London, Oct. 25.—That King Edward correctly interpreted the feeling of the nation in publicly stigmatizing the affair as "unwarrantable" was evidenced by the ovation given him this morning when he started for the racetrack at New Market. A big crowd awaited the king, both at Buckingham palace and at the railroad station and the heartiness of the cheering and the vigorous waving of hats and handkerchiefs which occasions shouts of "Good old Teddy," ultra enthusiasm made up a remarkable demonstration and afforded the king evident pleasure.

The Russian ambassador, Count Benckendorff, called at the foreign office this morning, and had an interview with Foreign Secretary Lansdowne.

In view of the popular demonstrations last night against the Russian ambassador, special precautions were adopted by the police to guard him against any unpleasantness but they proved unnecessary.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 25.—7:15 a. m.—The press as a whole is significantly silent regarding the North Sea tragedy. The papers generally publish without comment telegrams concerning the sinking of the trawlers, indicating a desire not to embarrass the government or complicate an already extremely delicate situation by any expression of opinion before all the facts on both sides shall have been ascertained.

One exception, however, is the Novoye Vremya, which says that one of the minor powers before the sailing of the second Pacific squadron, catastrophically informed Russia of an impending attack on the vessels. The paper begs that judgment be suspended, pending the receipt of Admiral Rojstvensky's report, but declares that full justice will be done by Russia.

London, Oct. 25.—In his interview with Lord Lansdowne Ambassador Benckendorff expressed in the most earnest and unreserved fashion his

personal regret at the attack on the trawlers.

Chefoo, Oct. 25.—6:30 p. m.—A junk which arrived here today from An Tung on the Yalu river, reports that eight Japanese warehouses containing rations, clothing, ammunition and the prizes secured at the battle of the Yalu, were burned recently; the fire lasting two days. Incendiarism is suspected. Two Japanese officers who were responsible for the care of the buildings committed suicide.

HARDINGE

Will Present Instructions From His Court Today.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 25.—1:35 p. m.—Ambassador Hardinge during the night received instructions from his government on the subject of the North Sea incident and will present them during the day, probably after Foreign Minister Lamsdorff sees the emperor this afternoon.

Captain Cathrope, the British naval attaché, in full uniform, accompanied by the embassy chauffeur, wearing his full uniform, with hunting knife and plumed hat with the British colors, drove to the admiralty where the attaché formally notified a minister of marine that there are other British fishing fleets on the Spanish coast. This formal warning obviously indicates the temper of the British instruction which, there is reason to believe, are couched in a serious and somewhat peremptory tone.

Up to noon the admiralty announced that it was not prepared to offer an explanation of the trawler incident, saying that Vice Admiral Rojstvensky's report has not yet reached the admiralty, where it was expected that was not Rojstvensky's portion of a squadron which stopped at Cherbourg. It is pointed out that Rojstvensky's message will probably be led at Vigo, Spain, which presumably is the first stopping point of his squadron.

JAPANESE

Press Says Russia Has Shown Want of Wisdom.

Tokio, Oct. 25.—10 a. m.—The details of the sinking of the British trawler Crane in the North Sea by the Russian second Pacific squadron, not known in Tokio and popular official judgment is awaiting fuller knowledge. The only information received came in a few brief telegrams conflicting between attack and accident. The Jiji is the only newspaper commenting on the incident. It discusses and then dismisses it as "absurd even for Russia, which has shown want of wisdom and discretion several times." The suggestions are made that the crews of the squadron escape a pretext for their recall from the hazardous cruise or that Russia desires to save her face by involving Great Britain. Then the paper proceeds: "The most likely explanation of the outrageous action of the squadron is found in the fact that some days ago, owing to a rumor that Japanese vessels laden with explosives were being reported in the Danish Strait, the Danish authorities sent an escort with the Russian squadron to prevent any violation of Danish neutrality. We know nothing of the supposed despatch of our ships to that quarter, but it is likely that the Russian ships, apprehending attack by the Japanese, out of excessive fear, mistook the trawlers for Japanese vessels sinking mines and attacked them without making any inquiry."

Large Funeral.

General Oku's headquarters, Sunday, Oct. 23, 4 p. m.—Via Fusan, Oct. 25.—It is reported unofficially that the right army buried 3,500 Russian dead, the central army 1,500 and the left army about 3,000.

(Continued on page two.)



Uncle Sam (looking over his ledger)—By the great horn spoon, there has been some remarkably made about my Yankee shrewdness.

NO FURTHER NEWS COMES

From Steamer Which Was Reported Lost on Southern Seas, October 20th.

New York, Oct. 25.—No further news of the steamer Massachusetts which is reported as having been lost north of Old Bahama channel, on October 20, had been received today at the office of the Atlantic Transportation company. The loss was reported by Captain Nachtrive of the Spanish steamer Otanoda, from Cardiff, on his arrival at Port Tampa. He had received news of the disaster from a small boat which came alongside the Otanoda October 20th while she was bound for the Florida port.

The Atlantic Transport Company officers here have communicated with their agent in New Orleans whether the Massachusetts was bound from Cardiff, to follow up the rumor and either authoritatively deny or confirm it. The Massachusetts is of 7,913 tons gross and 5,131 tons net register.

HEAVY PATROL ON STREETS.

Militia Will Control Town Until After Funeral of the Murdered Negro.

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 25.—A heavy patrol was kept until after daybreak today by the Norfolk military on all thoroughfares of Berkeley, Va., where Geo. W. Blount, a fish dealer and politician, was taken from the jail by masked men and murdered, yesterday. The town remains under martial law. At a conference today between Mayor Allen and Colonel Higgins, commanding the militia, it was decided that it would be necessary to keep the troops on duty until after the funeral of the murdered negro tonight. The whites and especially the women of Berkeley, are fearful of a race riot and the white citizens are planning to establish vigilance committees for night patrol duty after the soldiers leave.

KILLED BY HIS MOTHER.

Pittsburg, Oct. 25.—John Connolly, aged 15 years, died today of gun shot his mother. The boy was a sonnam-bulist and was groping about the house early Sunday morning, when he was shot in mistake for a burglar.

DECISION STUCK.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Justice Brewer of the supreme court of the United States today announced the decision of the court in the oleomargarine case of August Cliff, of Chicago, affirming the decision of the United States district court, by which Cliff was convicted of violating that portion of the oleomargarine law fixing a tax of ten cents per pound.

RESULT OF JEALOUSY.

Pittsburg, Oct. 25.—Mrs. Sarah Walters, who was shot by Peter Fitzwilliams in a fit of jealousy at her home on Fraizer street, last night, died early today without regaining consciousness. Fitzwilliams killed himself after shooting the woman. Mrs. Walters kept a boarding house, and formerly lived in Philadelphia, where her husband is said to still reside.

CRUISER DES MOINES ARRIVES AT QUEENSTOWN.

Queenstown, Oct. 25.—The United States cruiser Des Moines arrived here today from Anwerp. She will stay three days in these waters. The civil authorities are arranging entertainments for the Americans.

SECOND FIRE TOUCHES TROY.

Tippecanoe and Piqua Fire Departments Called Out to Save the Town.

Piqua, O., Oct. 25.—A second fire at Troy which broke out last midnight almost entirely destroyed the Brown block in the business portion of the city, entailing a loss of fifty thousand dollars. The dry goods establishment of Fred Stell, the book store and wall paper establishment of W. B. Clifton and Son, and Dr. B. W. Jones' dental office were entirely destroyed, while the Cassidy clothing store was extensively damaged by water. Minor losses were sustained by C. R. McConnell, insurance, J. M. Friedlich, whose residence was over the Critton book store, the Barton photograph rooms and the Stephy Bakery and Candy, and Mrs. L. M. Burns' millinery store. A crossed wire in the Critton book store basement is supposed to have been the cause of the conflagration.

The Piqua and Tippecanoe City fire departments were called to the scene and the Dayton department was held in readiness to go.

ACUTE STAGE HAS PASSED.

Russia Busy in Preparation of a Reply to the British Protest.

Washington, Oct. 25.—A cablegram received at the state department today from Spencer Eddy, the American in charge of the embassy at St. Petersburg, stated that the Russian government had filed a protest of the British government against the action of the second Pacific squadron in firing upon the British North Sea fishing fleet. Mr. Eddy added the foreign office was busy in the preparation of a reply to the British. It is said here that the acute stage of this incident has already passed and that it will surely yield to the methods of diplomacy.

TWENTY-TWO BISHOPS OF

The Methodist Episcopal Church in Semi-Annual Conference at New Haven.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 25.—Twenty-two bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church, are expected to arrive here today to participate in the semi-annual bishops conference in Grace M. E. church. Bishop Goodsell, of Tennessee, probably will preside and Bishop John M. Walden, of Cincinnati, will serve as scribes. All the deliberations of the bishops will be private.

The conference will make the appointments of presiding bishops for the conferences all over the country, and will give consideration at length to the financial and spiritual welfare of the denomination in parts of the world, and will give much time to the discussion of missionary work in the Philippines and Porto Rico.

ASSIGNMENT OF PLAYERS.

Fourth Annual Convention of National Association of Professional Base Ball Leagues.

New York, Oct. 25.—Owners of base ball clubs and representatives from every prominent baseball league in the United States, with the exception of the two major organizations, assembled at the Victoria Hotel today where the fourth annual convention of the National Association of professional baseball leagues was called to order by President E. T. Powers.

The board of arbitration held a session yesterday which lasted until nearly midnight and the hearing of claims and disputes was resumed early today. The more important cases were adjusted as follows:

In the dispute between Augusta, Ga., Clarksdale, Miss., and Memphis, O. W. Butler was awarded to Augusta.

Anglo Mare was awarded to Clarksdale, Cuarencia Nelson to Houston, Texas, J. Dolan to Little Rock and J. Barton to Grand Rapids.

The claim of H. W. Swalm against the Waterloo, Ia., club was allowed and the charges preferred by the Yazoo City club against Robert Rothemel were dismissed. An application from the tri-state league which includes Wilmington, Del., Harrisburg and York, Pa., and protection has been asked for Richmond, Lynchburg, Newport and Norfolk, Va., where a new league is to be formed before next season.

Denver, Colo., will probably be selected as the place in which the annual meeting will be held next year.

MORE PROPERTY.

New York, Oct. 25.—All grades of refined sugar were advanced five cents a hundred pounds today.

FIGHT IS FOR LIFE.

Ex-Mayor on Trial For the Murder of His Wife.

Brother of Defendant First

Witness to Take the Stand. He Tells of Finding the Accused in Highly Agitated State, and of His Discovery of the Victim's Body.

Charlottesville, Va., Oct. 25.—The attorneys of ex-Mayor McCue charged with the murder of his wife, who announced late yesterday that because of the illness of Mr. Harmon, chief counsel for the defendant that they felt they could not proceed further, stated at the opening of court today that they had decided to go on. Mr. Cllemen, an attorney from Lynchburg, has been retained in Mr. Harmon's place.

Dr. Frank McCue, a brother of the defendant, was the first witness. He was called to the home of the accused about 9:15 on the night of the tragedy. He said when he got inside the house he met the brother now on trial at the staircase who said to him that there was some one in the house who had attacked him and probably "had shot Fannie," his wife.

He detailed the finding of the dead body of Mrs. McCue, clad in a night robe by the bath tub on the second floor and described the wounds, there being one on the right ear, another on the left side of the nose and a gun shot wound in the breast. The water was running in the tub at the time. On coming out of the bath room, witness told his brother of the finding of the body, when the latter exclaimed, "Oh, my darling wife."

As the witness repeated this the ac-

cused buried his face in a handkerchief and burst into tears. The witness also told of the finding of a gun and a base ball bat in the bath room, the latter bearing a red stain near the end. The exhibits were identified by witness.

The gun is a repeating shot gun. Witness believed his brother came into the doorway of the bath room and saw the dead body. On entering the bath room the odor of burnt gun powder was present, witness said. On meeting his brother in the house, he asked where his wife was, when the accused, he said, told him to "go look for Fannie." He said he could get no replies to his questions from his brother so that he seemed dazed and that when he went to attend his brother later, he offered him a stimulant which was declined. The witness said he observed a wound on his brother's cheek from which blood was dripping on his shirt. Mr. McCue said on cross examination that his brother complained of pain in his head and that blood was dripping from his nose, which would result from an injury to the head, and that the wound on his brother's head was such as would be made by a blunt instrument. The witness was questioned as to the nature and effect of wounds produced by a sand bag.

GETTING PEACEFUL ON EVE OF ELECTION.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Acting Secretary of State Adee today dispatched a note asking for a reconvention of the Hague convention. This is an invitation from the president of the United States to the signatory powers of the original Hague treaty to come together again for the purpose of broadening and strengthening the original con-

vention and especially to consider means to further ameliorate the horrors of modern warfare and to conserve and extend the rights of neutral commerce on the high seas. In addition to the signatory powers the invitation goes forward to four of the south and central American republics, which have signified an earnest desire to adhere to the Hague treaty.

LEAVES INDIANA SURE OF VICTORY.

New York, Oct. 25.—A statement from William J. Bryan, of his impressions during his speaking tours in Indiana, as expressed in a letter received here, was issued at democratic national headquarters today. Mr. Bryan's second tour of Indiana closes tonight, when according to his own estimate, he will have addressed 700,000 people, or an average of 60,000 or 70,000 per day. He has made 75 speeches. He says that he is pleased at the reception given him everywhere in the state. In the statement, as given out by the committee, Mr. Bryan is

quoted as saying: "So far as I can judge from the size of the crowds and the interest manifested, and the expressions of the people, the democrats of Indiana are ready for election day. There will be no considerable defection among the silver democrats of the state. I can judge from what I've seen in the sections I visited, I take it for granted that every gold democrat who has not gone over the republican party permanently, will support the ticket. I leave Indiana with hope and confidence of democratic victory."

ANNOUNCED THAT SATURDAY

He Would Present Measure Providing for Separation of the Church and State.

Paris, Oct. 25.—Premier Combes announced at a council of the ministers today that he intended to go before the commission of parliament on Saturday and present the prize text of the measure providing for the separation of the church and state, with the governments views there on. The council unanimously favored taking up a date in January for the presentation of the matter to parliament.

CAN'T PAY DEBTS.

Lansing, Mich., Oct. 24.—Upon application of Ebemonts Sons, extensive manufacturers of stove and farm implements, the affairs of that corporation have been placed in the hands of

the Detroit Trust company. The company is capitalized at \$1,250,000.

GETTING TO BURTON.

Washington, Oct. 25.—The Supreme court of the United States today granted the motion to advance the pending case against United States Senator Burton, of Kansas, and fixed November 28 as the day for the hearing.

DIPHTHERIA THREATENS.

Columbus, O., Oct. 25.—The city health department is thoroughly alarmed at the diphtheria menace which seems growing daily. Two more deaths have occurred within the last twenty-four hours, increasing the deaths, to six out of a total of 18 cases reported this month. Stringent rules have been issued to all the schools and public warnings have been issued, still the disease continues to spread.

WARNS

The People Against Fraud.

Judge Parker

Charges That Trusts Are Contributing

Large Fund to Elect Roosevelt in Return for Continuance of Favors

And to Continue Republican Party in Power. He Appeals to the People to Be on Guard Against Fraud.

Esopus, N. Y., October 23.—From the veranda of his residence, at Rosemount, yesterday afternoon Judge Parker made the direct charge that the heads of trusts and corporations had furnished great sums of money to the Republican National committee to secure "floaters" in the doubtful states for the Republican party. He said: "Appreciating the responsibility put upon me by the democratic party and the duty which its acceptance imposed upon me, I have carefully considered the utterance I am about to make and am well persuaded that had a situation calling for its consideration been at the time presented it would have met the full approval of the convention as it will now meet the approval of every thoughtful, right minded citizen of the United States without regard to party creed or party prejudice. Many years have passed since my active participation in politics. In the mean time a startling change has taken place in the method of conducting campaigns, a change not for the better, but for the worse, a change that has introduced debasing and corrupt methods, which threaten the integrity of our government, leaving it perhaps a republic in form, but not a republic in substance, no longer a government of the people, by the people, for the people, but a government whose officers are ruled by corporate managers, who levy on the assets of the stockholders whom they represent such sums of money as they deem requisite to place the conduct of the government in such hands as they consider best for their private interests. I make no complaint, nor should complaint be made of any individual who contributes toward the many legitimate expenses of a great campaign.

The capitalist as an individual has as much right to contribute to such purposes and in proportion to his means, as has his less wealthy fellow citizen.

Whatever he may do, based on a patriotic desire to help the candidates of that party which it seems to him will best serve the interests of the country, should be encouraged. Equally it is true that all right thinking men favor the encouragement of thrift, the accumulation of property and its due and just protection, and they are equally opposed to either the saying or the doing of anything that will array one class against another. All classes are mutually dependent upon, and mutually helpful to each other, and no worthy act of mine shall cause a rift to be opened between them. But

Figures.

We have in our files today 397 letters from territory embracing 17 states, written by grateful patients who have been finally cured of Piles.

When Dr. Caldwell's (Laxative) Syrup Pepsin was formulated it was not with the intent that it would in any way prove effective as a Pile Cure, but as the remedy became more generally known and used its superior merit as a remedy for Piles became so certainly apparent that we were led to add to our guarantee as a cure for Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache and Stomach Trouble, the disagreeable and serious ailment of Piles.

To those suffering from any form of Piles we say: "Try Dr. Caldwell's (Laxative) Syrup Pepsin; read carefully our article in the Booklet on this special disease; follow directions and you will add your words of praise to those who have already expressed their delight and satisfaction from the use of this remedy. 50c and \$1.00 at your druggists.

H. F. VORTKAMP.



there is a wide difference between an individual employing his wealth in the manner authorized by law and individuals and corporations who make large contributions for corrupt purposes.

The first is independent of the latter dependent upon government favoritism. It is but a little while since the body of the people at large provided the legitimate expenses of a campaign. Then farmer and lawyer, doctor and mechanic, day laborer and banker each contributed something toward the banners, the circulation of literature and the expenses of public meetings. Each contributor was a better citizen for it. It stimulated his patriotism and the contributions were devoted to the legitimate advancement of the cause and not made for the deliberate corruption of masses of electors.

Gradually and, alas, effectively, but surely not permanently, has all this been changed.

Some of the enterprises which have unduly thrived through favoritism, and which have been permitted by statute to indirectly levy tribute upon the people have in the course of time become so rich and strong that they can and do contribute vast sums when it is made clear that it will advantage them, and they contribute on the promise, direct or implied, that they shall be permitted to continue to tax the people for their own benefit. On such promises contributions have been not infrequently made in such large measure as to induce and promote colonization, repealing and bribery in doubtful states.

This has built up a class of voters known to local dealers as "floaters," a class so numerous that party canvassers add to them in their canvasses a separate column headed with that name. This condition is recognized by party workers, local, state and national. They are no longer shocked by it. It has become so prevalent that they are becoming hardened to it. They sometimes wonder where it is to end, but under the stress of a campaign they postpone consideration until the next election. I am persuaded the time to begin the fight against those who would control the results of election contests for their private corporate interests, as distinguished from the public interest, should begin now, and whatever the result of the election may be, it should be continued until the evil is checked.

Joined by the Combines.

"The exclusively protected interests which formerly poured out their treasure in order to continue existing and procure the passage of new laws permitting its further accumulation, have been joined by the combinations popularly called 'trusts'."

Their plan is to perpetuate the present administration. Such of the combinations or trusts as do not profit by the aid of the tariff secure their profits by the exercise of monopolies. Hence their officers are opposed to the enforcement of law as against them.

"When such forces unite to furnish the money, which they are promised to control the election, their purpose is as clear as noonday. It is to buy elections, to purchase four years more of profit by tariff taxation or four years more of extortion from the public by means of monopoly.

"Political contributions by corporations or trusts mean corruption. They cannot be honest. Merely business interests are moved by merely business considerations. A corporation will subscribe to a political party only because the corporations, through its control of public officers, executive or legislative, to do something for the benefit of the corporation or to refrain from doing something to its injury. No other motive can be imagined. In the nature of things no other motive can exist. The relations established mean the expectation of agreement, actual or implied, that governmental action is to be influenced by and for corporate interests. No sophistry can give any other aspect to the transaction in the minds of reasonable men.

"The scheme of our government opposes favoritism, but in its administration there has been much of it. Indeed, it has been growing with such rapidity in recent years that those few who have enjoyed favors contributed either directly by statute or indirectly by the non-prosecution of violations of law, represent, control and are possessed of many hundreds of millions of dollars. These interests have decided to attempt to continue the present administration in power. Their representatives scolded about the President for some months and thus contributed their part toward the effort which was assiduously made to satisfy the country that the combines were opposed to their present administration, whether there were real difficulties between these great powers and the administration, difficulties which have been settled to the satisfaction of all parties concerned, or whether there were no difficulties to be compromised and adjusted. Their action being but a play to deceive the voters, the fact remains that the combines are not now opposed to the continuance of the present administration. On the contrary, it is common knowledge that they have determined to furnish such a sum of money to the republican national committee as it is hoped will secure the 'floaters' in the doubtful states for the republican ticket. Such an attempt constitutes both a menace and a challenge to every patriotic and law-abiding person in the country—a challenge which ought to be accepted. The question ought to be settled now whether the 'floaters' and illegal combinations can together control an election in this country. Such a contest means on one side vast sums of money and every man with an itching palm. It ought to array every honest, independent and patriotic citizen on the other side."

Best Jackson Domestic Lump Coal, per ton \$3.59. Central Coal Co. Both phones. 89-17

ABSENCE OF REPORT.

(Continued from page 1.)

The armies average 600 yards apart and at places only 50 yards separated. The men are constantly in the trenches, and by placing their caps in their bayonets draw scores of bullets from their opponents.

The Russian artillery is searching the Japanese lines and skirmishes are almost continuous.

Japanese Losses.

General Oku's headquarters, Sunday, Oct. 23, 5 p. m., via Fusan, Oct. 23.—The official report of the Japanese casualties from October 19 to the 22nd are as follows:

Killed—Officers 46; men 322; wounded, officers 212; men 5,349. The first indications of winter are appearing. At night the thermometer shows several degrees below freezing point. Heavy clothing and overcoats have been issued to the men, who, apparently, are not affected. Elaborate preparations are being made to provide for the comfort of the troops during the winter months.

Colliers Await Squadron.

Vigo, Spain, Oct. 23.—Five colliers from the Island Tenerife, arrived here during the night and four others have reached Arosa to await the Russian squadron, which is expected to divide, half of it coaling here and the other half at Arosa, a small island in Arosa Bay, about 25 miles north of Vigo.

The Spanish warships Estremadura and Rio de La Platta, are on their way here to see that neutrality is observed.

Cannot Coal There.

Brest, France, Oct. 23.—Three Russian torpedo boats with a collier passed Ushant, twenty-seven miles west by north of Brest, this morning, sailing westward.

It is understood that orders have been received by the local authorities not to permit the Russian vessels to coal in port.

The Russian consul general at Barcelona has arrived here to arrange for re-equipping the squadron.

NEVER ASK ADVICE.

When you have a cough or cold don't ask what is good for it and get some medicine with little or no merit and perhaps dangerous. Ask for Foley's Honey and Tar, the greatest throat and lung remedy. It cures coughs and colds quickly. Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

HAD MANY CALLERS.

New York, Oct. 23.—Judge Parker had a number of early callers today. Among them was George F. Parker, chairman of the literary bureau of the democratic national committee, conferred with Judge Parker for nearly an hour.

Judge Parker arose early despite his late hours last night, when he attended the performance at the Grand Street theatre.

GOT THE COIN.

Winnipeg, Minn., Oct. 23.—While members of the Bank of Hamilton staff were returning from Plum Coulee to Winkler, they were robbed of \$2,000 by masked highwaymen, who forced them at the point of pistols to give up the bank's funds. The robbers escaped.

LOTS

Of Work for the Bobbies

And the Mayor

Miscellaneous Assortment of Violators.

Including Two Cases of Assault, One of Which Occurred at a Dance.

Lige Carey Pleaded Not Guilty to Assaulting Young Wight and Was Bound Over to Probate Court.

There was considerable activity in police circles today and yesterday and the assortment was of sufficient variety to make it more than ordinarily interesting.

A Brutal Assault.

According to the complaint of the prosecuting witness and several others who testified to having witnessed the act, Lige Carey committed a brutal assault on a lad by the name of Wight, whom Carey had working for him. The boy is seventeen years of age and was sent to do some hauling in the morning and then drove to the stable to get feed for his horse. When he returned to the coal yard, he says Carey was waiting for him and immediately accused him of killing time, which the boy denied. Then, it is said, that Carey, without further provocation, assaulted the lad and beat him unmercifully, splitting his arm and leaving other marks on his body. Carey was arrested and this morning pleaded not guilty. Mayor Robb bound him over to the grand jury.

Best Jackson Domestic Lump Coal, per ton \$3.59. Central Coal Co. Both phones. 89-17

ABSENCE OF REPORT.

(Continued from page 1.)

The armies average 600 yards apart and at places only 50 yards separated. The men are constantly in the trenches, and by placing their caps in their bayonets draw scores of bullets from their opponents.

The Russian artillery is searching the Japanese lines and skirmishes are almost continuous.

Japanese Losses.

General Oku's headquarters, Sunday, Oct. 23, 5 p. m., via Fusan, Oct. 23.—The official report of the Japanese casualties from October 19 to the 22nd are as follows:

Killed—Officers 46; men 322; wounded, officers 212; men 5,349. The first indications of winter are appearing. At night the thermometer shows several degrees below freezing point. Heavy clothing and overcoats have been issued to the men, who, apparently, are not affected. Elaborate preparations are being made to provide for the comfort of the troops during the winter months.

Colliers Await Squadron.

Vigo, Spain, Oct. 23.—Five colliers from the Island Tenerife, arrived here during the night and four others have reached Arosa to await the Russian squadron, which is expected to divide, half of it coaling here and the other half at Arosa, a small island in Arosa Bay, about 25 miles north of Vigo.

The Spanish warships Estremadura and Rio de La Platta, are on their way here to see that neutrality is observed.

Cannot Coal There.

Brest, France, Oct. 23.—Three Russian torpedo boats with a collier passed Ushant, twenty-seven miles west by north of Brest, this morning, sailing westward.

It is understood that orders have been received by the local authorities not to permit the Russian vessels to coal in port.

The Russian consul general at Barcelona has arrived here to arrange for re-equipping the squadron.

NEVER ASK ADVICE.

When you have a cough or cold don't ask what is good for it and get some medicine with little or no merit and perhaps dangerous. Ask for Foley's Honey and Tar, the greatest throat and lung remedy. It cures coughs and colds quickly. Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

HAD MANY CALLERS.

New York, Oct. 23.—Judge Parker had a number of early callers today. Among them was George F. Parker, chairman of the literary bureau of the democratic national committee, conferred with Judge Parker for nearly an hour.

Judge Parker arose early despite his late hours last night, when he attended the performance at the Grand Street theatre.

GOT THE COIN.

Winnipeg, Minn., Oct. 23.—While members of the Bank of Hamilton staff were returning from Plum Coulee to Winkler, they were robbed of \$2,000 by masked highwaymen, who forced them at the point of pistols to give up the bank's funds. The robbers escaped.

PRESENTED HIS ARGUMENT.

Suit Filed to Prevent Payments on Panama Canal or for Its Construction.

Washington, Oct. 23.—An effort to restrain the secretary of the treasury from making payments or issuing bonds for the acquisition and construction of the Panama canal, was made today in the equity branch of the supreme court of the District of Columbia. W. S. Wilson, of Hillsdale, Ill., is the author of the suit, and presented his own argument. The government was defended by United States Attorney Morgan H. Beach and Chas. W. Russell, assistant to the attorney general. Justice Stafford, who heard the case, has not rendered his decision.

The principal question involved is whether the courts have authority to restrain a federal officer from a wrongful interpretation of a federal law and consequent depletion of the federal treasury.

DANGER IN FALL COLDS.

Ree's Honey and Tar is different from all other remedies offered for the relief of cough, lung and bronchial troubles. It contains antiseptic properties that destroy the germ, and solvent properties that cut the phlegm allowing it to be thrown off, moves the bowels gently. Cures croup, whooping cough and colds in one night. H. F. Vortkamp, druggist.

BROKERS SUSPEND.

Boston, Oct. 23.—F. S. Colton and Company, brokers of this city, members of the New York Consolidated Stock Exchange, announced their suspension today. The firm has offices in several New England cities and in New York.

TALKING BUSINESS.

Columbus, O., Oct. 23.—The Ohio Grain Dealers' Association with a membership of something more than 300, is holding its annual fall session here with approximately 150 delegates present. Grain prices, conditions and supplies are under consideration.

and bronchial affections is offered in Ree's Laxative Honey and Tar. This remedy cuts the mucus, breaks the membranous lining of the throat, lungs and bronchial tubes; wards off pneumonia and strengthens the system generally. Croup and whooping cough disappear before its use as snow before the sunshine of spring. It is pleasant. H. F. Vortkamp, druggist.

Best Jackson Domestic Lump Coal, per ton \$3.59. Central Coal Co. Both phones. 89-17

UP TO LAYLIN.

Columbus, Oct. 23.—The supreme court today ruled in the case from Brown county relative to certifying the republican ticket, that the decision must be made by secretary of state Laylin.

Charge of Immorality.

Complaint made by relatives of Roscoe Murphy and Grace Young led to their arrest at Harrison's place on East Wayne street, and a charge of being immoral characters was placed against them. Both the girls are white and it was their resorting with men and women of the opposite color that inflamed the relatives of the accused. They pleaded not guilty and will appear for a hearing tomorrow morning.

Arrested on Suspicion.

Officers Jackson and Jacome brought in two suspicious characters from the south side this afternoon, who are registered as T. W. Ward and James Coffey. The men had a huge cream cheese which they were offering for sale and it is believed to be stolen property.

Bill Versus Bill.

Bill Taylor, himself very much the worse for an overdose of the brew that intoxicates, made application this afternoon for a warrant calling for the arrest of Bill Hawley. Taylor charging the latter with stealing his horse which, as appearances indicated, was left standing in front of Jackson's saloon. The warrant was issued and the police are now looking for Bill No. 2 and a horse with white stockings.

Check Was Worthless.

An officer from Findlay brought a young man named Charles C. Herman to Lima last night, on complaint filed by L. J. Keppeler. Herman, who has been putting a stove polish on the market gave Mr. Keppeler a check for \$25 in return for borrowed money, the paper being drawn on a Findlay bank. It was deposited with the Commercial bank for collection, but on presentation was returned marked "no funds." Herman succeeded in taking up the check this morning and there will probably be no prosecution of the case.

Other Police Matters.

Chris Changras charged with stealing money and a pair of trousers from John Jensen, a brother Greek, and who was arrested and brought back to Lima from Canton, is having a hearing in Mayor's court this afternoon. Changras pleaded not guilty, but Jensen claims to have identified some of the property.

Geo. Scott, just drunk, was fined \$1 and costs for his spree.

For wood of any kind, call Central Coal Co. Both phones. 89-17

CATS AND DOGS.

The Enmity That Exists Between Them and the Reason of It.

Why does the dog hate the cat? Scientists have been investigating the enmity between these animals, and they believe that the instinctive hatred which certain breeds feel for each other is due to inheritance from ancient times when the animals met in a wild state and preyed on each other.

The enmity between cats and dogs seems to be due more to hatred on the part of the dog than of the cat. The latter animal apparently hates dogs because dogs chase her, while the dog hates the cat because she is a cat.

A cat will feed at a place where a dog has been without betraying any signs of anger, but a dog generally becomes excited and wild if he scents the trail of a cat anywhere near his food or sleeping place.

Now this enmity is not to be explained by anything that happens between dogs and cats in domesticity or anything that ever happened between them as long ago as human history goes. In all those thousands of years dogs and cats have been kept as pets, and of all animals they are the two which should be the most friendly.

But the reverse is the case. One naturalist, Dr. Zell, seeks it in the fact that the common cat not only looks like, but smells like, the great cats of prey. And of those cats of prey there is one, much like a domestic cat in many ways, which hunts dogs by preference. This big cat is the leopard.

The domestic cat and her larger relative, the wildcat, have never learned the race of dogs, but their great special cousin is and always has been the most ferocious of dog murderers, and the cat must pay for it.

Authorities agree that there is no animal that the leopard would rather eat than the dog. As a result there are many villages in the districts in which leopards are plentiful where nobody can keep a dog. The great cats will not hesitate to break into the houses to seize their favorite dish.

But, says the doubter, the modern dog certainly could not have known leopards in many thousands of years. It has been a domestic pet in regions where there have been no leopards since man first appeared.

That is true, says Dr. Zell. But he points to the fact that dogs have a habit of turning around several times before they lie down. This, he says, is due to the fact that when they were in a wild state they had to do this to press down leaves and twigs in order to prepare a bed for themselves, and as they have not overcome this habit in all their years of domesticity it is quite natural that they should still inherit the habit of sniffing at every creature that smells like a leopard.

Dogs and cats are not the only animals that still show inherited fear of, hatred of other beasts which they have never seen themselves. Thus the rhinoceros is frantically in fear of anything white, and naturalists say that this is because once upon a time a big white animal hunted him. But that must have been long ago, for there are no big white animals now where the rhinoceros dwells.

Children that have never seen a fox will cackle and run in fear if they come across the place where the animal has passed or where his carcass has been dragged. If a fox has been anywhere near a cat's drinking dish the cat will not approach it.—New York Press.

A Spilled Dinner.

Mme. de Mazarin certainly was eccentric and unfortunate, according to the journals of Marguerite de Crequi. She never gave a reception without some accident happening. When she gave a supper party the kitchen was certain to catch on fire. She gave a grand fete chamberlain and in order to make it more realistic sent for a flock of real sheep, a heifer and a shepherd's dog. The flock was to pass behind a glass screen. An unruly buck squashed the glass, and the entire flock, with the heifer and dog, rushed in upon the audience and scattered it. Some of the sheep got access to the supper table, and so there were no refreshments to speak of.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

There will be a public meeting held at the Anglaise Grange, Hall 7 miles east of Lima, Ohio, on Marion road, Tuesday evening, October 25th. Hon. John Beck will address the public. All are cordially invited to attend. d&w

Where Sisters Dress Alike.

In Yucatan, Central America, sisters dress precisely alike, even to the tinge of a bow, the turn of a button or the flower in the hair. In the tropics large families are the rule, and any day you may see in the country girls in groups of from three to a baker's dozen, who belong to the same family, as their clothes will show. It is easy thus to distinguish the members of a family anywhere, and not infrequently the sisters are called by their favorite flower or color.

What a Baby Can Do.

Friend—I don't understand why you and your husband should have separated so soon.

Mrs. Aftermath—It was all owing to the baby's temper.

"Meety on me! How could that be?"

"We couldn't agree as to which one of us the baby took after."—New York Weekly.

His Grand Present.

The bridegroom—You said you were going to give me a grand present on our wedding day. How about it? His father-in-law—Didn't I give you my daughter?—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Nothing Truer Than This.

What a man can do depends a good deal upon how much faith some good woman has in him.—Cleon.

COTTON STATISTICS.

Washington, Oct. 23.—The census bureau today issued a cotton bulletin, showing the quantity of cotton ginned up to October 18 to be 126,883 running bales as against 232,669 running bales for the same period in 1903.

Fall colics are liable to hang on all winter leaving the seeds of pneumonia, bronchitis or consumption. Foley's Honey and Tar cures quickly and prevents serious results. It is safe and reliable, tried and tested, safe and sure, contains no opiates and will not constipate. Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

CASTORIA.

The Kid You Have Always Begged For.

The greedy eye always misses more than a generous one.—Chicago Tribune.

Changed It.

The lady—That isn't the same story you told me before. The beggar—No, lady; you didn't believe the other one.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

His Point of View.

"Do you think the world is growing better?"

"No, confound it! I dropped the neck of the conductor gave me in change this morning, and it rolled off the car."—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Thoughtful Man.

Jas. Taylor, of Kendallville, Ind., was seriously diseased with kidney and bladder trouble for 20 years. He treated every known remedy without much benefit, until he used Pilecure. This new discovery cured him, and Mr. Taylor advises all persons suffering from kidney or bladder trouble to get a bottle of Pilecure at once. H. F. Vortkamp, druggist.

DEFIES OFFICERS.

Jacksonville, Ky., Oct. 23.—Charles Rogers, about 21 years old, and who is wanted in three counties on the charges of house breaking, is walking through Hopkins county, armed with a rifle and defying the officers.

HUMPHREYS'

Veterinary Specifics cure diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry by acting directly on the sick parts without loss of time.

A. A. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
B. B. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
C. C. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
D. D. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
E. E. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
F. F. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
G. G. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
H. H. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
I. I. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
J. J. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
K. K. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
L. L. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
M. M. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
N. N. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
O. O. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
P. P. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
Q. Q. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
R. R. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
S. S. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
T. T. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
U. U. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
V. V. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
W. W. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
X. X. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
Y. Y. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)
Z. Z. HUMPHREY, Correspondent, Indianapolis, Ind. (Latter Part of 1899, Bull. Fever, Cattle, Sheep, Horses, etc.)

BOOK MAILED FREE.

"AWFUL GOOD"

Spanish Dude

2 for 5¢ CIGARS.

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT 4% TO 5% FROM ONE TO TEN YEARS, in sums of \$500 and upward on FARM LANDS or LIMA CITY PROPERTY. Privilege of paying \$100, or any multiple thereof, at any interest day. LOANS MADE AT ONCE.

D. C. HENDERSON, Rooms 209-210 Holland Bldg.

Either Phone 133. OFFICE 130 N. UNION ST.

J. H. Blattenberg, Veterinary Surgeon.

Veterinary Ambulance. daw 11



Lindsay Lights

These lights are sold in every city and town. They give much light as three or four incandescent lights on one third the consumption.

Call at our office for Free booklet. "Some Illustrated Suggestions."

THREE

Weddings of Interest to People

In South Lima.

A Falsehood Being Circulated.

Edgar Beall Underwent an Operation at the La Belle

Sanatorium This Morning - Fotry Hour Service Ends at St. Johns This Evening - Dr. Kirby Presides.

Last evening a consultation was held by three physicians as to the condition of Edgar Beall, who has been suffering from appendicitis and an obstruction of the bowels. It was decided that an operation was the only thing that could be done in order to save the young man's life, and accordingly he was removed from his home on St. Johns avenue to the La Belle Sanatorium, by Eckert & Son, latter in the evening.

At the noon hour the operation had just been completed, but Mr. Beall's condition could not be definitely stated, although chances for recovery were against him.

Forty Hour Devotion.

The closing service of the forty hours devotion at St. Johns church, will begin this evening at 7:15 standard time. There will be a solemn procession through the church in which one hundred girls clad in snowy white and thirty boys in cassocks, and several priests will participate. The closing sermon will be preached by the Rev. E. A. Kirby, D. D., of Berea, Dr. Kirby was formerly the assistant priest at St. Rose church and his many friends throughout the city will go to hear him tonight. The music will be of a very high order and all who attend will be made welcome.

In Cupid's Realm.

A wedding came to light yesterday evening too late for publication. In last night's issue of the Times-Democrat, Rev. Dr. H. C. Stemen, of south Main street officiated at the wedding of Cloyd B. Runyan, of Delphos, and Miss Bessie Van Fleet, the pretty daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Van Fleet, of Third street. Mr. and Mrs. Runyan will make Lima their home.

Another happy pair, newly wedded, to choose Lima as their future home, are Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Rupert, of south Metcalf street. Mr. Rupert went over to Fort Recovery Saturday evening and was married to Miss Amelia Shroff, of that place, Sunday evening.

The wedding at Spencerville, yesterday in which Miss Jennie Brogden became Mrs. Clarence M. Adams, of Kemp, will be of interest to the bride's south side friends. Miss Brogden formerly lived in this city, and has a host of friends here.

Maliciously Untruthful.

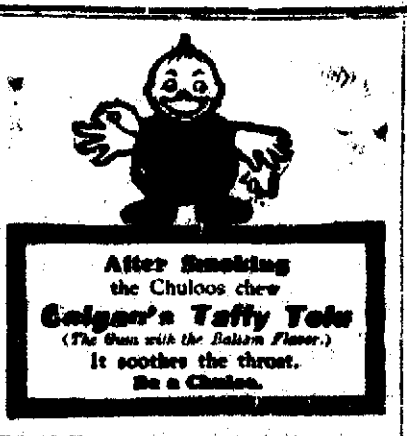
The following unreliable paragraph appeared in this morning's Gazette:

"The second weekly shoot of the Log Four was an eye-opener. The one making the highest aggregate score in four shoots will, unless the other three 'blunk' eat Thanksgiving bird at their expense. Yesterday was Mack's day off at the south side station, but just the same he was there at the line-up. Not disheartened by a cipher score at the first shoot, Mack rubbed his eyes, took a fresh chew of Golden Rope, waded in and covered up matters. In the final shoot Eyster will take a hand and try to pull the low man out of the 'booby' class. Yesterday's score:

Mack 1111101101-8
DeVoe 0000111000-3
Arnold 1020000000-2
Tracewell 1110101100-4

Score for the two events—Mack 8, Tracewell 7, Arnold 7, DeVoe 6.

The above "spacefiller" is positively denied by the undersigned, for the reason that no "shoot" occurred with



the exception of the writer of the above, who shot around the corner to keep from being called down by John Mack. Neither is there a "bird" up for a series of "shoots."

GEO. TRACEWELL.
JOHN MACK.
CLEM EYSTER.
FRANK DEVOE.
AL. B. ARNOLD.

If the Gazette reporter has another Thanksgiving dream, he will be a good candidate for the new "foolish-nouse" which Lima will soon have.

Items in Brief.

A baby girl has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Foutz, of Riverside boulevard.

After visiting friends at Delphos, Mrs. H. C. Stemen, of south Main street, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hoffman, of McCutchenville, visited Rev. and Mrs. Crist, of south Pine street, Sunday.

Miss Maud Van Swearingin, of south Main street, has returned from a visit to the St. Louis exposition.

The U. G. Chapman family, of McPherson avenue, was visited Sunday by Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Chapman, of South Warsaw.

Last evening, Detective Heffern and Foustemaker pinched Bessie Murphy and Gollie Young, two south side girls, on east Market street, for being boisterous. They were placed in the county jail to await trial, which will be held tomorrow morning.

H. C. Napier, of west Kirby street, has just arrived home from the world's fair.

After visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Rowlands, of south Main street, the past few days, Mrs. S. R. Rutbaugh and daughters have returned to Dayton.

Items left at Cramer's drug store, Fisher Bros. barber shop, the hose house, Kelley's grocery, Moll's pharmacy, or any south Lima business houses, and marked "Times-Democrat," will be taken care of by the south side representative.

Jason Powell, of Tanner avenue, who has been very ill with typhoid fever, is improving, with good chances of complete recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Shanc, of Vaughnsville, visited with the Albert Chivenger family on south Main street, Sunday.

Catarhal fever has prostrated Elmer McLean, who lives south of the city. The young man was compelled to give up school at Ada a few days ago on account of the malady, and now he is very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Nutting, of south West street, entertained Dess Williams, of Bluffton, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harley Mack have returned from their visit with Spencerville relatives.

The Order of Eastern Stars are holding an annual meeting at Columbus, and Lodge No. 16, of this city is being represented by Mrs. M. S. Bowser, of south Main street.

W. B. English, of south Metcalf street, removed his family to Parker City, Ind., this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Moore, of Greenlawn avenue, rejoice over the birth of their first-born—a son.

Mrs. Kate Powell, of Waverly, Ohio, is the guest of her brother, L. E. & W. engineer Pat Donovan and family, of south Main street.

DON'T MAKE A MISTAKE.

Many persons suffer from dizziness, headaches and backaches who treat themselves for stomach troubles or rheumatism, when their disease is some affection of the kidneys which could be quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar. Take it in time. Refuse substitutes. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, corner Main and North streets.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY WILL BE THE LAST DAYS OF REGISTRATION IN LIMA. DON'T LOSE YOUR VOTE BY FAILURE TO REGISTER.

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of Mother's Friend before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. Mother's Friend overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at \$1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

The Southland Dispenser Co., South, Pa.

Mother's Friend

VENETIAN GLASS.

Marco Polo Gave the First Great Impetus to its Manufacture.

It was Marco Polo who gave the first great impetus to the glass industry at Venice. The great traveler encouraged his countrymen to manufacture and to export large quantities of glass to the Orient to satisfy the growing demand there. It is difficult to determine when the first glass factories were established in Venice, says the Chicago News. Some historians have attempted to prove that it was as early as the fifth century. The most ancient existing document relating to this industry is an article in a treaty concluded in 1237 between Bohemond, prince of Antioch, and Jacobo Contarini, doge of Venice. This time stained parchment refers to the purchase of broken glass, a most necessary ingredient for the production of good glass—by the Venetian merchants in Syria. In 1280, the great council of the republic prohibited the establishment of glass furnaces in the city proper, as they were frequent causes of serious fires, and finally relegated the glassblowers to the island of Murano (1292), where the industry has flourished down to the present day.

Murano's glass manufacturers possessed many political and other privileges. Their daughters could even marry into the families of the proud Venetian patricians. In the seventeenth century the glassblowers of Venice were recognized as the best in Europe. This fact caused the Duke of Buckingham to employ Venetian workmen in the glass manufactory which he opened in 1679 for the purpose of making imitations of the fine Venetian drinking glasses.

Evelyn, the diarist, writing in 1641, says: "I passed over to Murano, famous for the best glasses of the world, where, having viewed their furnaces, I made a collection of divers curiosities. 'Tis the white flints which they have from Pavia, which they pound and sift exceedingly small and mix with ashes made of a seaweed brought out of Syria, and a white sand that cause the manufacture to excel."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

It is not much trouble for the wolves to find fault with the sheep.

Always remember that a good deal may be said on the other side.

When a husband is mean to his wife he almost always outlives her.

Patience is one of those things of which we don't get enough and every one else gets too much.

Some people say that the cemetery widowers take notice a good deal quicker than the courthouse widowers.

When a girl is as cross as two sticks at home and smiling and pleasant downtown old-fashioned women call her a "street angel."

One of the marvels of the age is the little indignation a girl will show at her father's great wrongs and the great indignation she will show at her lover's little ones—Atchison Globe.

Invention of the Steam Engine.

The Marquis of Worcester, while imprisoned in the Tower of London in 1634, invented and constructed the first steam engine of which we have any authentic record and had it publicly exhibited the same year in Vauxhall in successful operation. In 1690 Dr. Papin invented and made a piston, and in 1698 Captain Savary devised and built a steam engine on a slightly modified plan, while in 1705 Newcomen, Cavley and Savary constructed their atmospheric engine complete in every detail. James Watt, who today enjoys the distinction of being the veritable author of this most useful contrivance, did not appear upon the scene until 1765, just sixty years later. Pearson's Weekly.

Natural Cure For Rheumatism.

There is a wonderful rheumatism at Montemano, Italy, called the Grotto Gissi, where the natural vapor is stated to be an infallible cure for rheumatism. Fifty years ago some workmen were quarrying for lime when they discovered the grotto, and its healing powers were first made known some little time later. In the lowest portion, appropriately named the Inferno, the temperature is about 95 degrees F., and here the victims from rheumatism sit and perspire for an hour at a time. Such a vapor bath is said to be of much greater service than a Turkish bath.

No Premeditation.

Justice of Peace—What do mean by saying it was not premeditated, Rastus? You acknowledged that you broke into the plaintiff's hardware store and stole a bunch of keys. Rastus—Yassuh, yassuh. But dat wasn't mah fault, Judge. Mistah Sniff done put locks on his chicken coop dat none ob mah keys would fit, an' dere wasn't no udler way ter git in without his health' me 'cepthin' by borerrin' dem keys. Yassuh; dat's de truf.—Judge.

His Voice.

"What would you do if you had a voice like mine?"

"Have it operated on."

"Have it operated on? Why, I'll have you to understand that I made my fortune through my voice."

"Yes, I heard you proposed to your wife with it."

Wages, Forsooth!

Mrs. Annex—I'll tell you what I'll do, Bridget. If you'll consent to stay I'll raise your wages. Bridget—Listen to het, wud yez? Raise me wages, indeed! Yell increase me salary, that's phwat y'e'll do. Brooklyn Life.

The Modern Way.

He—And so they got married? She—Yes, they got married, were separated again in a week's time and have been happily ever since. Philadelphia Bulletin.

A PHANTOM FARM.

James Russell Lowell Got a Glimpse of It, So It Is Said.

A curious story of James Russell Lowell is told. It runs about as follows and deals with a "witch farm." The place is a forest near New York, at some distance, but within a walk from the city. On the edge of the forest a farm with it times appears which no one remembers to have ever seen unless he happens to be among the few who have had the uncanny privilege. There is no one about the farm, no sound is heard, yet there are signs of busy occupation. The door is open, empty milk pails lean against the wall, newly cleaned pans and dairy utensils and butter churns are set out to dry; clothes hang on the line in a little drying ground.

Whoever chances on the farm seldom stops long to look. He will pass on, thinking to himself: "I don't seem to remember that farm. I must not inquire about it in town." In town not a soul knows anything about it, and never will that person see the farm again, however often he may return to look for it. Then others will go out to seek the witch farm, over and over again will they pass and repass the very spot where it had been seen, retracing their steps and puzzling and saying: "It must be there. We have mistaken the way."

They are few indeed to whom the spectral farm has shown itself. Lowell himself once saw it. On the verge of the wood he passed a homestead which appeared precisely as has been described. Lowell saw it all and passed on without thinking, then suddenly stopped short with a feeling of something strange, turned and sauntered slowly back. But no house at all was there, and he was unable to find again the exact spot where it had been.

THE LAW OF MOTION.

Effect of Dropping a Weight on and off a Moving Car.

If a person were to jump into the air from the floor of a car in a rapidly moving train his feet would reach the floor in a direct line to the very spot from which he jumped, in accordance with the second law of motion, which says: If there be two or more causes of motion taking place in two different right lines, whether inherent in the body or external to it, their effects do not interfere, nor does either diminish or augment the effect of the other. In other words, when a force acts upon a body in motion the change of motion which it produces is in the direction and proportioned to the magnitude of the force which acts. Those who move on a railroad at the rate of thirty miles an hour, or forty-five feet in a second, do not find the relation in which they stand to the objects in the car in any degree changed by the velocity. Take a stone by way of illustration. Instead of the person jumping and it, like the passengers, has a common motion on the ward with and derived from the train, and when let fall from the hand it retains that motion during its descent. At the beginning of its fall it would have the speed of the train in a horizontal direction, and gravity would act upon it in a vertical direction, and it would fall as if the car was without motion. If the stone be dropped outside from the platform of the car to the lower step thereof instead of to the ground it will be found that in accordance with the laws stated it will fall in a direct vertical line, the same as does the stone let fall inside the car. The stone, if dropped to the ground outside, likewise falls in a direct vertical line, but it has lost the onward motion of the train and is left behind.

A Sweet Joke.

An American army officer who was in Cuba during the Spanish war was extremely dissatisfied with the cooking. He insisted that the Cubans put sugar into everything they cooked. At last he announced that he would eat nothing but boiled eggs. "They can't sugar them," he declared. So he ordered them next morning. But before he appeared at the table another officer had filled the salt cruet with sugar. When the "kicker" appeared, his eggs were brought to him. He opened them with a gloomy complacency and sprinkled over them plenty of the doctored salt. At the first mouthful he turned purple. "Sugar! Sugar!" he exclaimed and rushed from the table.

He Had No Foreign Complaint.

"Is it true that you were very seasick on the trip over?" asked Mrs. Goodart.

"Yes, indeed," replied the old lady.

"Why, I understand your daughter left a sure remedy in your stateroom before the ship sailed."

"No, indeed, there 'wasn't' nothing there but a bottle of something for mal de mer, an' I knew I didn't have no foreign disease like that."—Philadelphia Ledger.

He Cashed It.

"Porter," said the man who finds fault, "there's a draft in my section of this sleeping car." "Well, sir," was the reply, accompanied by an outstretched hand, "dar ah! but one way to get rid ob a draft." "What's that?" "Cash it."

A Suggestion.

Shortlighte—To be honest, old fellow, I'm rapidly growing dissatisfied with my own company. Jokeleph—Great Scott! Why don't you marry and join some club?—Town Topics.

Natural Constipation.

Child in berth of night steamer—Mother, I'm so sleepy. I want to go to bed. Mother—But you are in bed, my dear. Child—No, I'm not. I'm in a chest of drawers. Exchange.

Each succeeding day is the scholar's that which went before it.—Athenaeum.

A Good Guide for Buyers

We have just published a booklet that will help you to wise range selection. Its advice is worth having, advice that otherwise is bought by painful, costly experience. It tells the whole stove story, tells you why

Brand's Famous Steel Range

"The Range with a Character"

is the only perfect one, tells of its superior material, the skill that has gone into it, its durability, its all-round up-to-dateness. You will find why it is unlike other stoves, why it satisfies every purchaser. It's free for the asking—write for it today.

BRAND STOVE COMPANY, Milwaukee

FOR SALE BY

SIMONS-ROUSH CO., Dealers.

GORGEOUS MALE ATTIRE.

Law Against Sartorial Excesses in the Seventeenth Century.

Considering the way women are indulged in these days for their fastidious for purple and blue linen, it is rather a shock to find that the sumptuary laws of the past were directed mainly against male excesses in the matter of attire. There is, for instance, an ordinance issued by the Lord Mayor and common council of London in 1641 which related to the dress of "gentlemen, who were in many cases the sons of wealthy city merchants, calling 'freedom of the city' by apprenticeship. It was ordained in the proclamation, among much else, that they should wear neither lined, faced or tufted with velvet, silk or taffety, nor any lawn bands nor lace edged collars nor any puffed sleeves or other support about the collars of their doublets nor breeches, or doublets of any kind of silk nor gloves, nor any kind of shoes or slippers, nor any shoes or slippers of silk or ribbon nor any hose or such like fustians at all upon the shoes, nor garters nor sleeves held out by a framework of wire nor silk stockings nor Spanish leather shoes nor any shoes with high heels nor the half done with any tufts or laces, but cut close in decent manner."

LINCOLN TO YOUNG MEN.

He Urged Them to Bear Their Share in Political Life.

Abraham Lincoln's belief that young men should get up and show what they can do, without waiting to be sought out by older folk, is set forth in the following letter written to William H. Herndon, then at Washington, under date of June 22, 1848:

As to your note, you must not wait to be sought forward by the older men. For instance, do you suppose that I should ever have got into politics if I had waited to be hunted out and pushed forward by older men? You young men get together and form a "Young Men's Club" and have regular meetings, and speeches.

Tell me everybody you can get. Harriet Martineau, J. A. King, Lee Kimball, and C. W. Adams, will do to form the thing, but as you go along gather up all the shrewd wild boys about town, whether half of age or a little under, and then Logan, Redick, Bitterly, Lewis, Zerk and handpick such. Let every one play the part he can play best, some speak, some sing and all cheer.

Your meetings will be of evening, the older men and the women will go to hear you, so that it will not only contribute to the election of "Old Zerk," but will be an interesting pastime and improving to the intellectual faculties of all engaged. Don't fail to do this.

MUSHROOMS ON TREES.

The Method by Which They Are Cultivated in Japan.

Mushrooms grown on trees form quite an important article of export from Japan to China. Shikoku Island, where much camphor is produced, is the chief home of this industry. The method employed is as follows: Oak trees about thirty years old are felled in the autumn, and incisions are made with axes at intervals of three or four inches. The trees are then cut into logs four or five feet long and are left in dark, secluded parts of the forest.

After three years mushrooms make their appearance in the felled portions, and when the crop shows signs of growing thin fresh logs are provided. These mushrooms will grow at every season of the year but in winter and spring artificial stimulants are needed, which is supplied by steeping the logs in water and striking them with mallets or axes to prepare the beds and facilitate the growth. The autumn crop is the largest. The mushrooms after being collected are dried by the sun or by artificial heat.

Picturesque Padua.

Padua, in spite of its flat surroundings, is one of the most picturesque cities of upper Italy. And the sealer after centuries will find many charming bits along the narrow canals or by the sluggish river skirting the city walls. Indeed one might almost include in a study of gardens the beautiful Prato della Valle, the public square before the Church of St. Antonio, with its chandeliers, and crossed by marble bridges, its range of baroque statues of "warriors" and its central expanse of turf and trees. There is no other example in Italy of a square laid out in this parklike way, and the Prato della Valle would form an admirable model for the treatment of open spaces in a modern city.—Century.

San Felice

Highest Grade Cigar for

5c.

FOR GENTLEMEN OF GOOD TASTE

ON SALE AT ALL DEALERS.

DEISEL-WEMMER COMPANY, Makers.

MONEY	MONEY
IF YOU NEED MONEY CALL ON US.	We make loans on household goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., and have the property in your possession. We will give you from 1 to 50 weeks' time in which to pay off your loan.

LIMA CHATTEL LOAN CO.,
209 Opera House Block.

DR. A. N. BRUZELIUS,

THE POPULAR BOSTON DENTIST,

Has returned from Europe, after 3 months study, and will be glad to see his patients and friends at his old office.

BLACK BLOCK,
North Main Street, LIMA, OHIO.

SEQUEL TO DREYFUS CASE.

Officers of War Ministry Charged With Using Military Funds to Influence Witnesses.

Paris, Oct. 25.—A sequel to the Dreyfus case was the opening of the court martial today of four prominent officers of the war ministry. Colonels Dautrich, Rollin, Francos and Marchal, charged with using military funds and otherwise influencing witnesses against Dreyfus. The court is composed of General Bertin, four colonels and two lieutenant colonels. The previous ministerial investigation partly vindicated the accused, who demanded a court martial. Dautrich, a witness, testified that during the entire course of proceedings at Rennes, he followed the orders of his superiors.

ALLEGED COLLUSION.

New York, Oct. 25.—The hearing before the interstate commerce commission on the charge brought by Wm. Randolph Hearst, alleged collusion on the part of the coal and iron railroad companies in fixing and maintaining the price at tide water, has been resumed in this city. The railroad companies involved include the Lehigh Valley, Pennsylvania, Delaware & Hudson, New York Ontario & Western Central Railroad of New Jersey, Reading and Delaware, Lackawanna and Western.

NAVIGATION CLOSED.

Seattle, Oct. 25.—A despatch from Dawson says: "Steam navigation, the full length of the Yukon is practically closed. The river is full of ice. The output of the Klondike this season is large and much of it will be shipped by rail."

CASTORIA.

In Use for Many Years

It is the best remedy for all ailments of the bowels, and is especially adapted for children. It is sold by all druggists.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

PUBLISHED BY
THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT
PUBLISHING COMPANY,
128 West High Street.

THE ONLY NEWSPAPER IN LIMA
RECEIVING ASSOCIATED PRESS
REPORTS BY WIRE.

Telephones 84.

Entered at the Postoffice at Lima, O.,
as Second Class Matter.

Member of Associated Press.

THE DAILY TIMES-DEMOCRAT
is issued every evening, except Sun-
day, and will be delivered by car-
riers at any address in the city at
the rate of 10 cents per week.
THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES-DEMOCRAT
will be mailed to any address at the
rate of \$1 per year, payable in ad-
vance. The Semi-Weekly is a seven-
column, eight page paper, the largest
and best newspaper in Allen county.

Persons desiring the Times-Democrat
delivered to their homes may secure
the same by postal card address, or
by order through telephone No. 84.

Terms of Subscription.
Daily edition, one year\$5.00
Daily edition, six months\$2.50
Daily edition, three months\$1.25
Daily edition, one week\$.10
Semi-Weekly edition, one year\$1.00

Official paper of the City of Lima and
County of Allen.

Any subscriber ordering the address
of the paper changed must always give
the former as well as present address.

When delivery is irregular please
make immediate complaint at the of-
fice.

All business, news, letters or tele-
graph dispatches must be addressed,
THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT,
Lima, Ohio.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
ALTON B. PARKER,
Of New York.

For Vice President,
HENRY G. DAVIS,
Of West Virginia.

THE STATE TICKET.

For Secretary of State,
A. P. SANDLER,
Putnam County.

For Judge of Supreme Court,
PHILIP J. RENNER,
of Cincinnati.

For Clerk of Supreme Court,
PERRY M. MEHAFFEY,
of Cambridge.

For Dairy and Food Commissioner,
QUENTIN H. GRAYETT,
of Wooster.

For Member of Board of Public Works,
WM. H. FERGUSON,
of Springfield.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

For Member of Congress,
HARVEY C. GARDNER,
of Greenville.

JUDICIAL TICKET.
For Circuit Judge,
Third Judicial District,
W. H. KINDER,
of Findlay.

For Common Pleas Judge,
First Sub-Division,
HUGH T. MATHERS,
of Sidney.

COUNTY TICKET.
For Commissioner,
ALBERT HEFNER,
For Infirmary Director,
W. E. GRUBB.

CITY TICKET.
For Judges of the Peace,
W. E. RIELEY,
J. H. LOU.

For Councilman at Large,
ED. S. MOSES.
Councilman, First Ward,
EDWARD SMITH.

For Councilman, Third Ward,
LEO L. CHRISTEN.
Assessor, First Ward,
ISRAEL DISMAN.

Assessor, Second Ward,
F. X. GARLAND.
Assessor, Third Ward,
JAMES HYLAND.

Assessor, Fourth Ward,
J. W. ARNOLD.
For School Board,
JAMES DONAHUE, SR.

H. S. PROPHET.
JAMES PORTER.
WM. MILLER.

REGISTRATION DAYS.

To forestall useless inquiries as to
when must register this year it is only
necessary to state that EVERYBODY
who is by reason of age, legal resi-
dence and other qualifications of citi-
zenship eligible to vote for president,
this November 8, 1904, MUST
REGISTER at this year, regardless
of any and all previous registrations.
The days for registration are as
follows:

THURSDAY OCT. 13.
THURSDAY, OCT. 20.
FRIDAY, OCT. 28.
SATURDAY, OCT. 29.

WEATHER.

Washington, Oct. 22.—For Ohio:
Fair and colder tonight except rain
along northeast lake shores; Wednes-
day, increasing cloudiness, probably
rain in south portion.

St. Marys experts accountants have
made the discovery that the expert ac-
countants sent there by State Auditor
had made the books of

The Non-Irritating Cathartic

Easy to take, easy to operate—

Hood's Pills

the democratic municipal officers,
turned in an expense account to the
state in which he fixed the item of
hotel charges, at three dollars per
day. That is one dollar higher than
any hotel in St. Marys charges,
yet the bill was allowed.

Republican county and municipal
officers in this state are having to
pay the fiddler a prodigious price.
State Auditor Guilbert, the third term,
is the man who is extracting the
money from them. Guilbert is the
man who has control over the expert
accountants, and can have reports on
offices, good or bad as it suits his po-
litical desires. With this axe hanging
over their heads, it is easy for him
to make republican officials come to
the center. He has already secured
from them a big corruption fund for
use in Ohio between this and elec-
tion day.

ROOSEVELT'S OPINION.

The farmers of this county should
get a copy of "Ranch Life and Hunt-
ing Trails," written by one Theodore
Roosevelt, turn to pages nine and ten
thereof, and read. There will be
found his description of the cowboy,
of the west of whom he says they
are "brutally dissipated," and "whe-
drunk on villainous whiskey, they cu-
mad anties, ride horses in saloons, fir-
ing their pistols right and left," etc.
Then as a reparation for his attacks on
them he says:

"They are much better fellows than
pleasant companions than small
farmers or agricultural laborers; no
are the mechanics and workmen of a
great city to be mentioned in the
same breath."

In a speech made by him in New
York in October, 1896, at a "Sound
Money" meeting in the Wool exchange
reported in the New York Journal
October 28, 1896, Mr. Roosevelt said:
"Mr. Bryan and his adherents have
appealed to the basest set in the lanc
the farmers."

BRYAN'S APPEAL.

Hon. William J. Bryan in a speech
delivered at Springfield, Mo., recent-
ly urged all democrats to support Alton
B. Parker for President in the follow-
ing words:

"Judge Parker is opposed to imperi-
alism, he is in favor of giving inde-
pendence to the Philippines, and he is
in favor of making that promise now.
If that promise had been made in the
spring of 1898 it would have saved our
country much in lives and money."

Judge Parker believes in the gold
standard. I believe in bimetalism, but
I can vote for him in order that
through him the country may rid itself
of an imperial policy. What if I
do believe in the gold standard?
I never disliked an advocate of the gold
standard so much that I would refer
any aid that he was willing to give to
ward bringing to the country any good
things, and Judge Parker's election
would bring us relief from imperi-
alism.

"If any silver democrat is still
in doubt as to his duty let me say
to him that Judge Parker voted for
me when the restoration of bimeta-
lism was the paramount issue. If I
could vote for me when the money
question was paramount I can vote for
him when we are confronted with an
other and greater issue than the money
question."

"I believe in the triumph of ever-
righteous principle and I have such
faith in the righteousness of our cause
that I am not afraid that any polie-
in which we have confidence can be
defeated by the election of a Democ-
ratic President, even though he may
not agree with us on all questions."

THE INHERITANCE TAX LAW.

Among all the extravagances, abuse
and oppressions of which the Republi-
can Seventy-sixth General Assembly
and Governor Hefner were guilty none
is more generally condemned than the
inheritance tax law. The law im-
poses a tax upon all estates of de-
ceased persons, down to a very small
sum. It was enacted by the over-
powering Republican majority in the
last legislature and vigorously op-
posed by the Democratic minority. It
was approved by the governor, mainly
in order to assist the state treasury in
the dire extremity into which it has
fallen by reason of the prodigality of
the state government. Its unjust op-
erations have provoked a hostile senti-
ment among all classes, but the Re-
publican party of Ohio in the present
campaign is still "standing pat" on it.
That party can do anything else on
the circumstances, since it alone is
responsible for the law, which will
never be repealed until a Democratic
legislature is elected.

We have all heard of the ancient
profession of robbing the dead, and
there have been instances of graves
opened at night and their contents
violated by thieves, even to the steal-
ing of clothing. But it would seem
that this monstrous crime is compar-

tively innocent by the side of the legis-
lative crime above referred to, which
accomplishes not only the robbery of
the dead but of the living. Those
have come to such a pass in Ohio that
after a man is taxed all his life to sus-
tain an extravagant state government
administered by Republican bosses,
he is both taxed and robbed in his
grave in order to perpetuate their rule.
The widowed and the fatherless can
no longer accept the bequest of a dy-
ing husband and father in Ohio with-
out having the state step in and walk
off with a substantial part of the in-
heritance.

The people of Ohio are patriotic.
They are willing to endure much, to
sacrifice much for the benefit of the
state and nation. The vast resources
they contributed in men and money to
be cause of the government in the
Civil War will alone indicate the depth
of their devotion to their country and
their willingness to meet its direst
needs. The people of Ohio are willing
to be taxed to the limit of endurance,
or any good purpose; they will sup-
port the necessities of the state at any
cost and have never exhibited any
other inclination. But they protest as
outraged citizens have a right to do,
when living and dead, they are taxed
unnecessarily and in a manner to en-
courage official incompetence, extrava-
gance and corruption. They are pre-
pared, as they have been before, to
obtain a vast army in the field in
time of war, but they are not ready to
surrender their natural rights on the
altar of blood-sucking legislation in
time of peace. They rightly regard
the present inheritance tax law as a
species of this legislation and recog-
nize in the Democratic party the only
instrument which may accomplish its
 repeal. This is one of the issues of
the present campaign which cannot be
obscured between now and Novem-
ber, nor in the years to come, until
his pernicious law is wiped from the
statute books.

IS ROOSEVELT A HYPOCRITE?

Henry Waterson writes for Col-
or's of October 22 an article on
Theodore Roosevelt. Is He Sin-
cere or Is He a Hypocrite?" in which
he says:

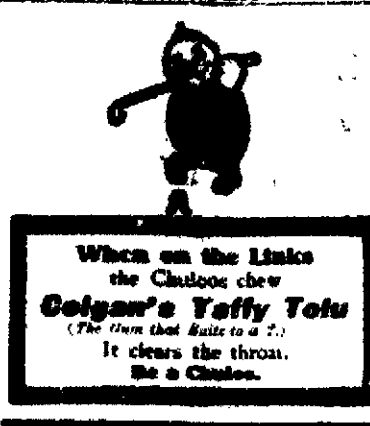
Theodore Roosevelt is the President
of the United States. He is the offi-
cial head, the designated chief of the
Republican party. He is a candi-
date for election. All that he has
one or left undone he is answerable
for. He is it and it is he.

Is Mr. Roosevelt a hypocrite, or is
he a self-deceptive, many-sided, con-
stantly changing, and, in the end,
a man who forgets the element of good in
any particular act, however illogical,
inconsistent or a succession of
acts may seem, when struck to-
gether, like a rock of pearls and hung
out his neck? Is it disconcerting to
ask whether this rope of pearls will
scatter or strangle him?

There is, for example, that large
array of great price, of purest
y science, precedent, and known to
dealers as Civil Service Reform
has this match that other large
array of pearls, luminous, indeed, but
noted, dangling from the back of the
neck and classified by the trade as the
"silly system." Here definitely is a
point to be considered in the estima-
tion of his character. Was Mr.
Roosevelt sincere as the systematic
nouncer of Quay and Aldrich? Was
he sincere when he turned his back-
to the considerable ostentation—up-
start and Payne—not the Postmaster
General, but the Insurance Commis-
sioner? If he was sincere how could
he have made common cause with
these persons for the sake of a nomi-
nation to the Presidency? They had
all changed. Had he? Or was it
a temperamental infirmity?

Stick a pin here. Mr. Roosevelt is
presented by his panegyrist on the
one hand as the most guileless of
men, on the other hand as the most
sincere. "What would Lincoln have
said?" Mr. Hay tells us he constant-
ly asks himself. Why, Lincoln made
a pretension to being a civil service
reformer. He was strictly a party
man. He lived and labored through
periods of revolution and war. Of-
ten, indeed, he had no better or other
warrant than what is called the
"armpit" for his acts. The Eman-
cipation Proclamation was extra-
constitutional or unconstitutional, just
as was Jefferson's purchase of the
Louisiana territory. Lincoln, no
more than Jefferson, ever pretended
anything else. The act in each case
was justified by the occasion. His-
tory has vindicated both. But did the
"anama business embody any such
sincerity? Would Lincoln have bar-
tered to consummate a transaction so
badly in character and so disreputa-
ble in its antecedents and dramatic
essence? Why did Mr. Roosevelt
obviously, it seems to me, to glorify
his administration Obviously, through
his glorification, to increase his
chances of election. Good politics or
ad politics as this may have been,
it is consistent with the highminded-
ness, the disinterestedness, the im-
mortal purity of mind and heart,
which Mr. Hay and Mr. "and Mr."
"all his appointments to office and
a sense his retainers—claim for
himself and chief."

Did the President's course in the
leather tariff



postoffice scandals represent a single-
minded devotion to the public ser-
vice? His Postmaster General had
described the original charges as "hot
air." We know now partly what they
were. Why was Mr. Payne retained
as Postmaster General? Why was a
bipartisan committee of Congress de-
clined? Waive the Northern Securities
case—good as far as it went—but
what shall we say of the Attorney
General's subsequent statement that
the Government would not "run
amuck" through the trusts, if that
was not intended to appease the
irration, and why are the leaders
among the trust magnates and their
known newspaper organs supporting
Mr. Roosevelt? They must have had
some additional assurance. Is all this
consistent with the character of a
President as brave as a lion and as
transparent as the noonday sun?

The Booker Washington incident?—
Was it an impulse—a generous im-
pulse—or had it a hidden beneath it?
The succeeding negro appointments—
notably Crum, five times re-elected
by the Senate—would any former
President have so clung to any such
white man? The Indianapolis postoffice
affair? Would Lincoln have pun-
ished—would any reasonable President
have punished, and unlawfully pun-
ished—an entire community be-
cause of the threats of a few ignor-
ant and vicious people? Was not
the Wood affair official and personal
arbitrariness gratified at the cost both
of justice to the army and the morale
of the service? Was not the Miles
affair the sacrifice of a gallant and
veteran soldier either to personal
ambition, or a childish, ungovernable
emper? If they were not, what were
they?

A model patriotism? Why, so is
the Kaiser. An upright gentleman?
Therein has he in this an advantage
over His Majesty King Edward VII.
A brave man? The woods are full of
him. We are not choosing a king
or a Kaiser, but an American Presi-
dent. Happily, we can choose be-
tween two or three, or half a dozen
contestants. Each is represented to
be a good citizen and a virtuous man.

I do not approve Mr. Roosevelt at
all, but I entertain no private grievance
against him. I not only do not
want to do him injustice, but I should
be glad to be able to regard him with
admiration and esteem. I am democ-
ratic by a belief in the truth of that
which is here written. It rests upon
conjecture, it is a part, though an ex-
tra part, of the history of the time.
Can there be another side to it?

THE TARIFF ON LEATHER.

The tariff on leather is an instance
of "protection" run mad. It affords
one of those cases demonstrating be-
yond the possibility of contradiction
the truth of the democratic assertion
in this campaign that there is urgent
need of revision of certain tariff
schedules. This demonstration will
not be denied by any republican auth-
ority. As a matter of fact no such
authority is willing to refer to it, for
the reason that it would have to ad-
mit it considered as all.

The present leather tariff has been
maintained, against the protests of all
the vast interests it involves, by the
best trust lobby at Washington, which
is the only interest that can possibly
profit from it. The farmer gets no in-
crease from the tariff for his hides,
because his stock is shipped alive to
Europe, slaughtered there and the
hides returned to the United States
after paying a tariff in which the
farmer has no share. The price of ac-
tual domestic hides is fixed above the
normal by the tariff rate and the price
paid to the breeder are entirely with-
in the control of the trust.

The tariff does the manufacturers of
leather goods no good. They are ob-
liged to pay an abnormal price for
their raw material, and, in turn, to
get it back from their customers. The
trust thus levies tribute upon every
piece of leather goods in the land, with-
out benefit to any interest except its
own.

The tariff does the consumer no
good. It enhances the cost of every
pair of shoes he buys and charges
him an extra price whenever he pur-
chases any one of the numberless
manufacturers and retailers engaged
in the immense ramifications of the
leather trade.

In other words the leather tariff is
a robbery, pure and simple, and con-
fessedly so. It would be impossible to
find any man engaged in the manu-
facture of leather goods in this coun-
try, whether republican or democrat,
who would not declare this tariff op-
pressive and favor its repeal. Presi-
dent Roosevelt and the republican
party refuse to revise the tariff sched-
ules in a general way and have spec-

ifically refused to consider the injus-
tice of the tariff tax on leathers. The
only hope of obtaining relief from the
conditions that surround the leather
trade and all other trust-ridden in-
dustries, lies in the election of the
democratic national ticket this year.

THE SCHOOL BOARD TICKETS.

The school board of Lima in the
future, will consist of seven members
elected at large. Fifteen persons
have been nominated for the position.
The republicans, for the sake of hav-
ing a lot of political henchmen for a
certain faction of their party, and for
other very important reasons, with
which we have already charged them,
and which they have not and dare not
deny, have gone back on their agree-
ments to keep the board out of pol-
itics, and have nominated seven per-
sons whom they could thus use "in
their business."

The democrats, carrying out their
original plan and agreement, have
nominated a ticket of first class citi-
zens from different parties; and they
go upon the ticket unpledged to any
clique, clan, or for any purpose.

In fact, it is nothing short of a citi-
zen's ticket, and will enlist the sym-
pathy and support of all fair minded
men and women, regardless of party
creed or affiliations.

It should be elected by so large a
majority that petty politicians will
not soon again attempt so high hinded
a ruse as that the Republican ticket
has sought to play. The social-
ists have nominated only one man,
Mr. McClain.

From these fifteen, the taxpayers,
parents and citizens generally will
make up their ballots and cast them
to their best interests.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY WILL
BE THE LAST DAYS OF REGISTRA-
TION IN LIMA. DON'T LOSE YOUR
VOTE BY FAILURE TO REGISTER.

ATCHISON GLOBE SIGHTS.

We would rather be seen chewing
tobacco than gum.

We can stand cheap people pretty
well until they begin to act superior.
This weather is good enough for
us, we never care to go to heaven in
the fall.

When a woman looks in the glass,
she is apt to exclaim: "Goodness, look
at my hair!"

The first time a bridegroom cuts at
a restaurant, he has an "I-would-like-
to explain" look.

As a rule a girl spends eight dol-
lars on a new fall cloak, and nine dol-
lars on photographs taken with it on.
Sometimes Indian summer comes
in November, but it never enters
trust in and back your house in Oc-
tober.

The Lord may be on the side of a
chubby man in a fight, but the Lord
is too busy to help him.—Old Bill
White.

Even though a man has worthless
parents, if he does not amount to
something by the time he is forty, it
is time to stop blaming them.

If you lose your patience three times
a day, waiting for your meals, cut
one of them out. Two meals will do
the average man, and he will feel
better.

When a man comes out of a saloon,
smoking a cigar, we know what he
has been up to: a man who buys ci-
gars in a saloon, also plays with the
tiger's teeth.

We never attend a political meeting
that the speakers didn't treat the
man present like children in the kin-
dergarten class. Preachers do the
same thing.

A cheap show always has cheap
printing. We thought the man-
agement of a cheap show would try to fool
people by ordering good printing, but
he never thinks of it.

When a thing is particularly scarce,
people say it is the best thing in the
world to eat. But nothing is better
than spring chickens, and there are
plenty of spring chickens.

A girl can take a position down
town without creating comment, but
when she becomes a trained nurse,
her friends look wise, and whisper to
each other: "Tusapointed in love!"

An Atchison woman who looks like
a shadow says she realizes that her
manner is thin; that she intends in fu-
ture to cultivate the fat habit, and
laugh and walk and talk like a fat
person.

If we should marry a thin sort of
woman, and she should steadily in-
crease in weight, we would leave her
as soon as she reached two hundred
and fifty pounds. That would be the
limit.

This is believed to be the quickest
time ever made by him: An Atchison
man married an out-of-town girl on
the 3rd and took a wedding trip, re-
turning to Atchison on the 9th. On
the 8th, a cousin of the bride arrived
in Atchison to visit her.

Who's Jake Harris? The Leaven-
worth Times says: "You bet, when
the Leavenworth girls take after a de-
sirable man, they land him. Look at
Jake Harris." Jake is probably a lion-
heart; the sweetest things in Leaven-
worth are lionheartants.

There is a certain rosy man in
Atchison who thinks he is out of luck.
He is lazy; that's what's the matter
with him. Dozens of people watch

Remember that next Friday and Saturday are
the last days of registration. Unless you register
you cannot vote, Nov. 8th.

The ladies of the city who desire to preserve
the educational interests of Lima free from the
taint of politics, and away from the hands of
school book grafters, should not fail to register on
one of these two days. It is necessary in order to
secure a vote.

A man doubtless hired by the republican com-
mittee is going over the city telling democrats
that it costs ten cents to register.

Do not be deceived by this. It costs nothing.

him every day, and laugh because of
his hopelessly sorry ways. But, bless
you, he thinks he's all right.

"When I become old, I don't want
a lot of people hanging around me
who want me to die. The keeper of
the poor farm has more consideration
for old people than some relatives;
when a patient dies at the poor farm,
the keeper loses a boarder."—Parson
Twine.

A great church goer said to a friend
he had induced to attend church:
"Beautiful sermon, wasn't it?" The
friend said he didn't particularly care
for it. The man looked pityingly at
his friend, and said: "Evidently you
are no judge of sermons." And there
you are.

Here is something entirely new: We
quote from the Kansas City Times:
"Two young men entered the home of
Mrs. Helen Traflet, at 223 Virginia
avenue, Kansas City, Kansas, late yes-
terday afternoon, and in spite of the
woman's remonstrances, held her in a
chair while they pulled six of her
teeth."

THE MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 22.—The stock
market opened animated and higher,
today following the recovery of Lon-
don. There were enormous dealings
in the Union Pacific Securities on ac-
count of the report that the Oregon
Short Line participating bonds were
to be retired. Then thousands of
shares of Union Pacific sold at 109 1/2,
and 110, compared with 108 1/2. Last
night and subsequent transactions
were in 1,000 to 3,000 share blocks. A
block of \$225,000 of the Oregon Short
Line bonds sold at an advance of 1/2,
and the Union Pacific Convertibles
were up a point on the transfer of
\$100,000 blocks. Southern Pacific
was up 1/4 on the sale of 4,000 shares.
Opening sales of Ontario and West-
ern were of 8,000 shares at 16 1/2 and
16 3/4, compared with 15 1/2 last night.
There were large blocks at large frac-
tional advances of U. S. Steel pfd.,
People's Gas, Amalgamated Copper
Sugar, Colorado Fuel Smelting, Penn-
sylvania, Atchison and St. Paul, Chi-
cago Terminal pfd and Minneapolis.
St. Paul and South St. Marie were up
a point. Four thousand shares of Erie
sold at 41 1/2 and 40 1/2, compared with
41 last night and the price then ran
off to 40 1/2.

The rail taking became free and
general and the bears worked to fur-
ther the reaction. Rumors circulated
of further demonstration against
the Russian ambassador in London.
St. Paul lost more than its gain and
Union Pacific reacted 2 1/2. Southern
Pacific 2, Consolidated Gas 2 1/2; Met-
ropolitan steel railway 2 1/4, U. S.
Steel pfd 2 and the list generally
a point or more. Erie fell 2 points
below last night closing 1 1/2. Rock
Island 2 1/4 and Brooklyn transit, Chi-
cago Great Western, Kansas & Texas,
Louisville & Nashville, Colorado
Southern Colorado Fuel and some less
important stocks 1 to 1 1/4. Westing-
house Electric lost 4. There was no
effective rally and the closing was un-
settled and weak.

Live Stock.

Chicago, Oct. 22.—Cattle, receipts
11,000, including 3,000 westerns. Marke-
t steady. Good to prime steers \$5.50
@ 6.55; poor to medium \$5.50 @ 5.50;
stockers and feeders \$2 1/2 @ 3; cows
\$2.50 @ 4.50; heifers \$2 @ 3; calves
\$1.25 @ 2.10; bulls \$2 @ 2.55; hogs
\$6.50; Texas fed steers \$1.50 @ 1.55;
western steers \$2.25 @ 1.75.

Receipts 18,000, tomorrow 25-
600; market 5c lower; mixed and
butchers \$5 @ 5.50; good to choice
heavy \$5.30 @ 5.50, rough heavy \$4.80
@ 5.20; light \$5 @ 5.30; bulk of sales
\$5.15 @ 5.30.

Sheep, receipts 2,000; sheep and
lambs strong; good to choice wethers
\$3.75 @ 4.50; fair to choice mixed \$3 @
3.60; native lambs \$3.50 @ 4.

Cleveland Produce.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 22.—Butter,
creamery extras 22 1/2 to 25 cents;
state and western 12 to 21 cents; pro-
cessed 18 to 19; dairy 17 to 18; pack-
ing 11 1/2 to 12 cents; prints 1 cent
higher.

Chickens

BILLS

That Amount to a
Neat Sum

Ordered Paid

At Last Nights Meet-
ing of the Board.Calvin Heat Indicator Sys-
tem, of Toledo, Installed
In High School.Closet at Reese Avenue Building
Pronounced in Dangerous Con-
dition and New One Will
Be Built.Finance, in one word, would sum
up the bulk of the heavy business
done at the regular meeting of the
board of education last night. There
was a bare working quorum until the
late arrival of Dr. Terwilliger and the
nine members present included
Prophet, Donahue, Bates, Fredricks,
McHeany, Klatte, Terwilliger, Miss
Dismar and Mrs. Vicary.In the course of the meeting it was
discovered that several of the school
buildings called for relief as to the
closets, and it will be necessary to
completely overhaul the one at south
Pine street and erect a new building
at Reese avenue. Dr. Terwilliger re-
ported on the latter, and stated that an
examination pronounced it not only
unsafe for further use, but absolutely
dangerous. The floor and frames have
rotted out and the remainder of the aw-
ful affair at Chalmers prompted the
board to take immediate action. Mr.
Klatte suggested that bids be received
but to prevent delay the motion was
deferred and the matter placed in the
hands of the building and repair com-
mittee with power to act.It will cost a considerable sum to
make the changes suggested at south
Pine street and a proposition was re-
ceived from a firm of manufacturers
of closet supplies. Mr. Donahue sug-
gested that local bids be received and
the board left it to the building and re-
pairs committee.A call bell system will be establish-
ed in the high school which will give
the principal of the building direct
communication with the various rooms
and permit him to summon the
classroom to the assembly room at a mo-
ment's notice. The wiring was done
at a cost of \$15, which the board sanc-
tioned on recommendation of Dr.
Bates, and to complete the system
will cost \$50 additional.The contract was finally let for the
erection of an iron bridge, connecting
the old ward building with the new
high school, as demanded by the state
inspector. It will give the pupils of
the ward building access to a place
of safety in case of fire, and the win-
dows will be placed on hinges. Messrs.
Bros. agreed to do the work for \$45.A legal notice, showing judgment to
have been taken by the Malone Stone
Co. against Barto & McGowan, was
read by the clerk, and the board was
asked to pay the sum of \$191.15 into
court, the cover the amount of judg-
ment and costs. The money will be
paid after the lapse of time given the
defendants to appeal.The dealers in books and supplies
came forward with a proposition to the
board, which relates to the sale of
colors used in the study of art in the
schools. In brief the firms so engaged
agreed to cut the price to 20 cents a
box providing they be permitted to
handle any make of colors they de-
sire. Dr. Bates replied that the board
had never instructed the dealers to
handle Prang's colors, or any other
make, and was not in a position to en-
ter into an agreement, as the water-
mark was altogether outside of the board's
jurisdiction. Mr. Prophet indignantly
declared that the dealers need no
try to make the board assume the re-
sponsibility for the exorbitant price
charged heretofore and what ever
agreement they desired to enter into
must be confined to themselves. The
pupils could buy where they pleased
and what they pleased so long as they
followed the instructions of the teach-
ers.An application was made by Jennie
Frish for permission to photograph the
various grades, but no action was
taken.The board is still having trouble
with the contractors Barto & McGow-

NEW CORSETS
FOR THE
NEW GOWN.
The right model for each figure
at the right price. You can get
them at this store
G. E. BLUM,
221-223 N. Main St.

an, and Coss & Steinbaugh, over com-
pletion of the Richardson and McKin-
ley buildings. The finishing touches
are yet to be made on the buildings
and Architect Chapin was instructed
to notify them to complete the con-
tract at once or the board would order
it done by some one else. Mr. Chap-
in reported that it would cost \$485,
according to a bid he had, for the com-
pletion of the work.

Dr. Terwilliger reported that Lima
has a "Leaning Tower of Pisa," in
miniature, and referred to the capos
at the Pine street building, which is
slightly off its pins. The building and
repair committee was ordered to ap-
ply the jag cure.

Dr. Bates, who has taken a personal
interest in the heating and ventilating
apparatus for the high school present-
ed a contract drawn up by the Calvin
Heat Indicator Co., of Toledo. He
recommended that the company be
given the contract for placing the
sires in position at this time, which
was carried. The system complete
will be installed later, the matter
having been referred to the committee
to report later.

On motion of Mr. Klatte, bids will
be received for placing the blackboards
in the high school.
The question of constructing walks
from the front and side entrances of
the new building was brought up and
on motion of Mr. Fredricks, Archi-
tect Chapin was instructed to present
plans for the board's approval. It is
the desire of a majority of the board
to have the walks made the entire
width of the steps.

A long list of bills were presented
by the finance committee, but a num-
ber were passed because of not bear-
ing the endorsement of members of
the committee who had created the ex-
penditure. The following were ap-
proved and ordered paid.

Connor Bros. insurance	14.30
American School Furn. Co.	841.20
S. Ytyle	.75
Teacher's salaries	5465.50
am. Forrester, pencil sharp- ners	23.20
C. Miller, cash advanced	10.38
B. Johns, labor & material	2.20
V. H. Sweeney & Co., blank books	18.50
Lugh Francis, labor	28.75
N. Pietering, cleaning cisterns	10.00
science supplies	10.44
last Iron Mach. Co. repairs	2.37
Hugley & Son, stove	12.00
Republican-Gazette, printing	28.50
ohn McAllister, grading	10.50
Times-Democrat, printing	4.50
J. Ewing, hardware	53.55
iclie & Ritchie and Motter, Mackenzie & Weadock, at- torney fees	300.00
ruant officer and janitors	601.00
W. A. Rowles, paper	2.58
M. Yarnell, ink	21.60
Holland Bros., rental	216.67
first Nat. Bank, interest	350.00
V. B. Wagener, repairs	4.00
O. McKinney, repairs	9.50
Smith & Luginbuhl, repairs	12.95
Natural Gas Co.	5.90
ima Telephone Co.	22.00
ima Electric Light Co.	5.47
hin Nat. Bank, interest	75.00
first Nat. Bank, interest	350.00
last Iron Machine Co., ma- terial and labor	249.11
raibage at high school	649.28
ackard & Chapin, architects	129.00
National Cornice Co.	225.00
lowles & Wood, plumbing	450.00
lowles & Wood, plumbing	450.00
town Bros., contractors, certificate No. 13 on high school	4282.87

A DOZEN TIMES A NIGHT.

"I have had kidney and bladder
trouble for years, and it became so
bad that I was obliged to get up at
least a dozen times a night," says
Mr. Owen Dunn, of Benton Ferry, W.
a. "I never received any permanent
benefit from any medicine until I took
Oley's Kidney Cure. After using two
bottles, I am cured." Sold by H. F.
Vorkamp, corner Main and North
streets.

L. O. T. M.

The members of Lima Hive No. 43,
will hold their regular review in J. O.
J. P. hall, corner west Market street
and public square, third floor. Wed-
nesday evening, Oct. 26. A good at-
tendance is desired. By order of the
LADY COMMANDER.

Where are you going, my pretty maid?
To the drug store, sir she said,
'Cause my complexion is getting bad,
I need some Rocky Mountain Tea.
H. F. Vorkamp.

WHEAT

Export Smallest in
Years.

It Cannot Be

Because of Shortage in
Production.Figures Prepared by Depart-
ment of Commerce Show
the Exact DeclineFor First Nine Months of 1904 Over
Corresponding Period of 1903
To Be Forty-Five Million
Bushels.

Wheat exports from the United
States seem likely to reach, in the
current year, their lowest point in
the history of the export trade for
many years. Figures prepared by the
Department of Commerce and Labor,
through its bureau of statistics, show
exports during the nine months end-
ing with September of less than 10
million bushels, as against 55 millions
in the corresponding months of 1903.
95 millions in the corresponding
months of 1901. Thus the exportation
of wheat in the nine months ending
with September is but one-fifth that
of the corresponding months of 1903,
about one-tenth that of the corre-
sponding months of 1902, and but
about one-fourteenth as much as that
of the corresponding months of 1901.

Even the flour exports are begin-
ning to show the effect of the great
shortage in the wheat supply available
for exportation, and the nine months
ending with September, 1904, they
amounted to only 9 million barrels,
speaking in round terms, against 13½
millions in the corresponding months
of 1903, and over 14 millions in the
corresponding months of 1901. Flour
exports are less readily affected by a
shortage of wheat than are those of
wheat itself. During the past decade
four exports for the nine months
period have but twice fallen below 10
million barrels, but in the nine
months of the present year have
amounted to but 9 million barrels.
Wheat exported during the decade had
never fallen below about 50 million
bushels for the nine months' period,
but 140 million bushels for the pe-
riod under consideration, but amount-
ed, in the nine months ending with
September, 1904, to only 3,762,722
bushels.

In ordinary crop years about one
half of the wheat exported goes in
the form of flour, but in years in
which the exportation of wheat are
light, a much larger proportion is
urned into flour before being sent.
The flour export statements of the
bureau of statistics are stated in ter-
ms of wheat by reckoning one barrel of
flour as the equivalent of 1½ bushels
of wheat. A comparison of the
wheat and flour exports from 1894 to
1904 shows that in average years the
quantity of wheat exported in the
form of flour does not differ greatly
from the quantity exported as flour
when stated in terms of wheat. In
heavy crop years the proportion of
wheat exported in the form of flour
is small; in light crop years the pro-
portion of wheat exported in the form
of flour is very large. In 1901, with
an abnormally large wheat crop, the
flour exports for the nine months
represented about 84 million bushels
of wheat, while the exports of wheat
in the natural state amounted to
nearly 132 million bushels.

During the first nine months of
1903, however, with a small surplus
of wheat for exportation, 69 million
bushels of wheat were exported in
the form of flour and but 55 millions
exported in the natural state. In
the nine months ending with Sep-
tember, 1904, the quantity of wheat
exported in the form of flour is over
40 million bushels, while during the
have been exported in the natural
state. In the full fiscal years from
1899 to 1904 the percentage of the
wheat exports which were sent in
the form of flour has been: In 1899,
37 per cent; in 1900, 46 per cent; in
1901, 39 per cent; in 1902, 34 per
cent; in 1903, 44 per cent, and in
1904, 63 per cent.

This marked reduction in the ex-
ports of wheat during 1904 is dis-
cussed by the chief of the bureau of
statistics in his annual review, as
follows:

The reduction in the exportation
of wheat in the fiscal year 1904 to a
point below that of any year since
1891 can not be charged to a short-
age in production in the preceding
year, since the wheat crop of 1903
was larger than the average of the
last five years, and was the largest
in the history of the country, with
the exception of the crops of 1898,
1901 and 1902. The wheat crop of
1904 was but 33 million bushels be-
low that of 1903, while the exports



It Cures Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma.
A certain cure for Consumption in first stages,
and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once.
You will see the excellent effect after taking the
first dose. Sold by druggists everywhere. Large
bottles 50 cents, and 25 cents.

of the fiscal year 1904 fell 82 millions
below those of 1903, the reduction in
exports in the fiscal year 1904 being
much greater than the crop reduc-
tion of the calendar year 1903. The
reduction in exports seems to be due
chiefly to the steadily increasing
consumption by the home population,
while the further fact that the sup-
ply of several of the other wheat
producing countries of the world was
unusually large in 1903 reduced to
some extent the European demand
upon the United States and furnished
wheat to the European market at
prices below those made in the
hands upon the home market.

You assume no risk when you buy
Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Di-
arrhoea Remedy. All druggists will
refund your money if you are not sat-
isfied after using it. It is everywhere
admitted to be the most successful
remedy in use for bowel complaints
and the only one that never fails. It
is pleasant, safe and reliable.
July 4th

WONDERFUL

Pianola Delights Hundreds
of Music Lovers.Recital at Congregational Church
Last Night Was a Decided
Success.

The delightful concert at the congre-
gational church last evening was a
revelation to everybody who attended.
They had the pleasure of finding the
wonderful possibilities of the Pianola,
when operated by a master hand. Mr.
Walter Sawhill, of The Whitney &
Currier Co., Toledo, O., certainly dem-
onstrated that this instrument is by
no means mechanical, and that the
Pianola is peculiarly the instrument
for the thorough musician. Nearly
all piano-playing machines in the
hands of the novice, respond in a uni-
form mechanical way. The Pianola
however with but the slightest atten-
tion to its special capabilities, trans-
forms the rendition even of a novice
into a more or less artistic result.

Outside of the piano-pedals, floud or
softly there are but two accessories:
these with the strokes of the finger up-
on the key, produced by the pressure
on the pumping pedals, give all the
variety of expressions, and ever in-
crease in changing efforts, with the in-
creasing proficiency of the performer.
In other words the Pianola is an in-
strument—not only for the novice, but
especially for the artist and musician,
who wishes to bring out his own feel-
ing and personality in the interpreta-
tion of the music. The Pianola in
the hands of one possessing merely an
ordinary fondness for music, will in
a very short time, cultivate the in-
dividual as only years of study, reading,
attendance and practice, could in the
ordinary way. Most of piano playing
devices give the effects of change in
tempo, crescendo and diminuendo,
but in addition to these and as super-
ior to them as the musical art of the
present day is ahead of that of primi-
tive times, is the solo effect and the
"praising" so wonderfully produced in
the Pianola, the shading or turn of
musical thought, the subordination of
the accompaniment to the air, the evo-
lution of a theme in its changing phas-
es, working through its varying stag-
es until it bursts forth a complete,
full orchestral chorus—all this is easy,
almost self-compelling with the Pian-
ola.

For accompaniment to the voice the
Pianola is absolutely perfect as was
demonstrated last evening as all of
Mr. Schwan's solo work was accom-
panied by this instrument, which to-
gether with the superb Steinway Baby
Grand Piano made this entertainment
a grand success, the musical event of
the season.

Catarrh and Hay Fever.

Liquid Cream Balm is becoming
quite as popular in many localities as
Ely's Cream Balm sold. It is prepared
for use in atomizers, and is highly
prized by those who have been accus-
tomed to call upon physicians for such
a treatment. Many physicians are us-
ing and prescribing it. All the me-
dicinal properties of the celebrated
Cream Balm are contained in the li-
quid form, which is 75 cents, including
a spraying tube. All druggists, or by
mail, Ely Bros., 56 Warren street,
New York.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY WILL
BE THE LAST DAYS OF REGISTRA-
TION IN LIMA. DON'T LOSE YOUR
VOTE BY FAILURE TO REGISTER.
10-41

Do Not Buy a
Suit, Overcoat or Cravanette
Until You Have Seen the"Kuppenheimer
Make"Every garment is guaranteed
by the maker.

KUPPENHEIMER



KUPPENHEIMER

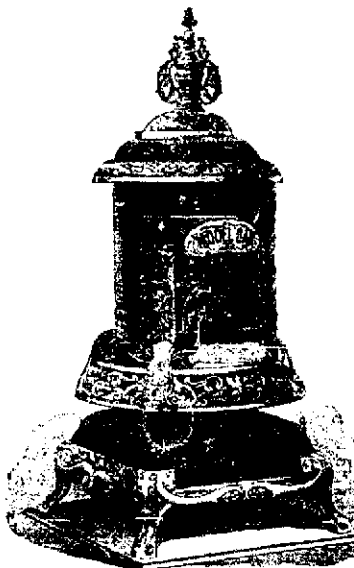


H.A. ALBRECHT,

The American Clothier.

"Meet Me at the Lima House Corner."

Rowlands' Stoves Always Please.

Intense Heat
From Cheap Fuel.

THE GREAT

Model Oak
Hot Blast Burner

For SLACK, SOFT COAL, HARD COAL, COKE or WOOD.

Saves Half the Fuel by Giving Double the Heat.

Burns up the smoke and gases and is the only stove that does it
perfectly. WE GUARANTEE ALL OUR STOVES.

J. W. Rowlands,

The Reliable Housefurnisher of Lima.
204 NORTH MAIN.

RESOLUTIONS OF REGARD.

Whereas it has pleased the Great
Architect of the Universe to remove
from our midst our dear sister, Kate
Huffman, and

Whereas it is but just that a fit-
ting recognition of her many virtues
should be recorded; therefore be it
Resolved by the officers and mem-
bers of the Protected Home Circle No.
210, that while we bow with humble
submission to the will of the Most
High, we do not the less mourn for
our sister who has been taken from
us.

Resolved that in the death of Sister
Huffman the lodge laments the loss
of a sister who was ever ready to pro-
fer the hand of aid, and the voice of
sympathy to the needy and distressed
of the fraternity; an active member
of this society whose utmost endeav-

ors were exerted for its welfare and
prosperity; a friend and companion
who was dear to us all.

Resolved that the heartfelt sym-
pathy of this lodge be extended to her
family in their affliction and that we
commend them for consolation to Him
who orders all things for the best.

Resolved that these resolutions be
spread on the minutes of the lodge;
that our charter be draped in mourn-
ing for thirty days, and a copy of these
resolutions be forwarded to our frat-
ernal paper, the P. H. C. Gazette.
MRS. CALVERT,
MRS. NU. FING,
MRS. HARTMAN.

S. M. Whiteside, Aurora—Suffered
many years with indigestion, consti-
pation, and stomach trouble. Hollis-
ter's Rocky Mountain Tea cured me
completely. 35 cents, tea or tablet.
H. F. Vorkamp.

EVENING SOCIAL.

The first evening social given by
the Union street Lutheran church, will
be held with Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Rhuk-
in, on north Elizabeth street, tomor-
row evening. A cordial invitation is
extended to members and their
friends.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary
troubles.—Monarch over pain of ev-
ery sort. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

AUCTION SALE.

STICKNEY WILL SELL AT PUS-
LIC AUCTION, HOUSEHOLD FUR-
NITURE AND GENERAL MER-
CHANDISE ON FRIDAY AT 2 AND
7 P. M. SALE TO TAKE PLACE IN
ROOM OPPOSITE THE MARKET
HOUSE. IF YOU ARE LOOKING
FOR BARGAINS, DON'T MISS THIS.



No matter what you want
buy
COLMAN'S
TAFFY TOLL GUM
(The Best of the Best of Gum)
It's sure to be a Winner

ROMANCE IN A BANK

A TOUCH OF HUMAN NATURE IN THE WHIRL OF BUSINESS.

How the Critical Old Schoolmist of a Cashier Gilded the White of a Depositor and Was Ample Repaid by the Light of Gratitude in Her Eyes.

The cashier sat at his desk, wondering what he had better do about that Jones note. He felt sure that Jones was on the square, but—

"Excuse me, is this the cashier?"

It was a pretty, young woman of thirty who spoke. She was well-dressed, and there was that about her which caused the cashier to look a second time.

"Yes, madam."

"I am Mrs. Jenkins. My husband has an account here. He'll be in pretty soon to draw some money. I don't want you to let him have it."

The cashier looked a third time at the caller. This time he stared hard and the little woman on the other side of the railing looked down at the tessellated floor.

"But it is his account, madam. If he wants to draw some money I can't stop him."

"My husband is the best man in the world," the woman said. "For 300 days in the year he is good and kind to me—he is always good and kind—but, then, once in a long while he gets—that is—he isn't—oh, you know?"

"Yes, I guess I know," said the cashier.

"And I don't want you to let him have any money. I know it is his money, but if he doesn't get the money, if he just stops to think a minute, he will—"

"I'll see what I can do, madam," said the cashier.

"Thank you, sir," said the woman simply and went away.

The cashier walked over to the cage of the paying teller and picked up the sheet on which was written the list of depositors. After the name of Mr. Jenkins, the husband of the woman who had called on him, he wrote:

"Stop payment on this account until my O. K. is secured." Then he signed his name and called the paying teller's attention to the notation.

An hour later Mr. Jenkins came in and presented for payment a check for \$300. Jenkins was an old depositor and carried a good account.

"I'm sorry, Mr. Jenkins," said the paying teller, "but you'll have to get the cashier's O. K. before I can pay this check."

"There was perhaps a slight error of whisky on Mr. Jenkins' breath," Jenkins grew angry and insulted in a minute.

"Is my account overdrawn?" he demanded.

"No, sir; your balance is \$350."

"Then what do you mean by refusing to honor my check?"

"You'll have to see the cashier about that. I am acting under orders."

Jenkins stormed over to the cashier's desk. He was red in the face and furious.

"What do you mean by stopping payment on my account?" he growled.

The cashier looked up from his desk and looked the angry depositor straight in the eyes. He looked hard, and in a moment Jenkins dropped his eyes.

"You know what I mean," said the cashier slowly.

"Who told you anything about it?" said Jenkins presently.

The cashier waited a minute, again looking Jenkins straight in the eyes.

"You know who told me," said the cashier below his breath.

Jenkins turned without a word and walked straight out of the bank. Next morning he came back. His wife was with him. The couple walked up to the cashier's desk.

"I want to put my bank account in my wife's name," said Jenkins. In a purely formal and businesslike way the transfer was made. No explanations were made, and no questions were asked on either side, but as Mr. and Mrs. Jenkins walked away the woman turned and looked at the cashier.

"I'm used to being called a hard-hearted and cynical old skinflint and all sorts of names," said the cashier, "but when a woman looks at me as she did this morning I forget them all. It makes me feel like I was really doing some good in the world."—Chicago Tribune.

The Gem of the Family.

Here is a little incident which a commentator on Dean Ramsay's "Reminiscences of Scottish Life and Character" thinks is worthy of a place in that volume: A Mr. Baird, who was one of those who had made great fortunes in the iron industry in Scotland, having risen from a laborer to be worth about \$10,000,000, was once dining with the Duke of Hamilton. His grace said that he had not had the pleasure of meeting any of Mr. Baird's brothers. Mr. Baird replied, "And one great loss, my lord; they're all brutes but me."

Mexico's Floating Gardens.

The floating gardens in the lakes near the City of Mexico were recently visited by an English naturalist, who reports them as a paradise and accounts for their existence. Floating bangles of peat moss, rushes and grass are caught by stakes driven into the soft lake bottom, and upon this moss rich mud from the bottom is thrown. The surface is then transformed by cultivation into a floating garden.

Her Economical Ways.

"Is your wife economical?"

"Very. She can fix over a ten dollar hat for \$15 as it will look just as good as a new one."—Puck.

When a mother has all her work done up and sits down to rest the baby discovers it and wakes and cries.—Chicago Globe.

C. H. & D. EXCURSIONS.

Steamer Home Dayton and Return.

Leaving Lima

JAVA'S DEATH PLANT.

It Grows Only on the Volcanic Soil of the Volcanic Region.

Java, the land of the fatuous and much exaggerated Death valley, has many wonderful curiosities, the principal one being the kail mullah, or Death plant. It grows only on the sterile soils of the volcanic regions of Java and the adjoining islands and is even there reckoned as a curiosity on account of its extreme scarcity. It grows from two and a half to three feet in height, with long, slender stems, well protected by stout thorns nearly an inch in length. The ground leaves are of a delicate, satiny smoothness, heart shaped, emerald green on one side and blood red, streaked and veined with light buff, on the other.

The flowers of this death dealing beauty are even more beautiful than the plant itself, being very large and cup shaped and of a color almost deathly in its whiteness. The name of the plant is from a characteristic of these splendid flowers, which, beautiful though they are, continually drip with a deadly poison.

The poison, which is distilled in the bottom of the cup shaped blossom, has the sickening odor of chloroform intensified a dozen fold, it being powerful enough to overcome a full grown man in a few seconds, even when inhaled in open air. The perfume, if such a pungent odor can properly be so called, produces insensibility in the form of convulsions, distorting the face, especially the mouth and eyes, into a horrid, crazy looking grin. Recovery from the effects of inhaling this odor is said to be very slow.

THE TREE OF IMAGES.

Legend of a Peculiar Plant That Grows in Tibet.

There is a legend about a tree of Tibet, called the "tree of 10,000 images," which reads like this:

Far away in the dreary land of Ambo, in Tibet, is a green valley in which, in a Tartar tent, was born a wonderful boy named Tsong Kaba. From his birth he had a long white beard and flowing hair and could speak perfectly his native tongue.

His manners were majestic and his words were full of wisdom. When he was three years old he resolved to cut off his hair and live a solitary life. So his mother shaved his head and threw his long, flowing locks upon the ground outside their tent door. From his hair sprang the wonderful tree.

Tsong Kaba lived many years, did countless good deeds and at last died, but the tree which had grown up from his hair lived, and they called it "the tree of 10,000 images." This was long before the Christian era, but it is the testimony of the French missionaries that the tree lives yet. The leaves are always green. The wood is of a reddish tint and has an aroma as of cinnamon.

The bark of the tree is marked with well known symbols in the Tibetan language. Alphabetic characters also appear in green on every leaf, some darker, some lighter than the leaf itself. The branches of the tree are described as being spread out like pinnes of feathers crowning a trunk only eight feet high, but of great girth.

Two French missionaries who saw the tree were fully convinced that the marks upon it were of natural growth.

He Still Agreed.

Lord Justice Romer was a chancery judge in England for nine years before he was raised to the appeal court. Decisive in manner and no waster of words, his simple "I agree" has become famous. Lord Justice Lighty was giving an elaborate decision one day and happened to pause in that effective way he had to give emphasis to a point. In an instant came in Sir Robert Romer's sonorous "I agree." To the visible discomfort of Sir John Lighty, "But I hadn't finished my observations," he said and thereupon continued his judgment, somewhat more exhaustively. At length he finished. "I still agree," said Lord Justice Romer. And the appeal court rang with unaccustomed laughter.

Looking Into the Future.

"I guess I might as well quit school, pa," said the boy.

"Why, my son?"

"Oh, there ain't any use going, except to be able to help my little boy when I grow up, and if they have changed the way of doing things since you were a boy so that you can't help me it's likely I'm just wasting my time getting ready to help my little boy."

He got the help he wanted, but it was a good thing he didn't hear what his father had to say about new-fangled school books after he had gone to bed.—New York Press.

His Favorite Animals.

Sunday School Teacher—Do you love animals?

Boy—Yes'm.

Teacher—That's right. I'm glad you do. What animals do you like best?

"Snakes."

"Goodness! Why do you like snakes?"

"'Cause it ain't wicked to kill 'em."

Practically Admitted.

Tess—May be considerably older than Rees. Jess—Yes. May practically admitted it to me the other day. Tess—You don't say? Jess—Yes, she said, "Rees is just about my age."—Philadelphia Press.

Success.

Paul—Percy, what is your idea of success? Percy—My idea of success? Well, it is having people run after me who used to run away from me.

The more you speak of yourself the more you are likely to be—Zionist.

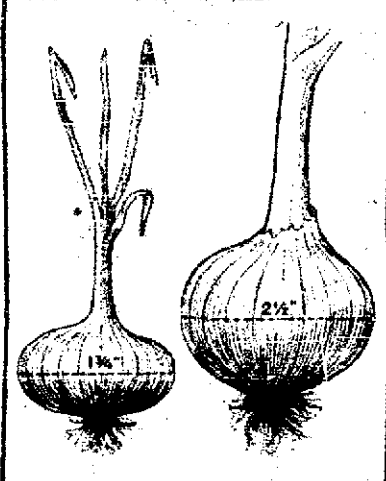
Sick headache is caused by a disordered condition of the stomach and is quickly cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by all druggists.

FARM AND GARDEN

CONCERNING ONIONS.

The Early Sweet Spanish Type and Hardy Sorts For Fall Sowing.

It is quite possible to have good dry onions even of the supposedly tender sweet Spanish type in early summer. The bulbs of Prizetakers here pictured were pulled early in July, gathered and stored and appeared as shown on July 25. The larger one was three and a half inches in greatest diameter and about two and a half inches across (top end to root end). Both specimens together



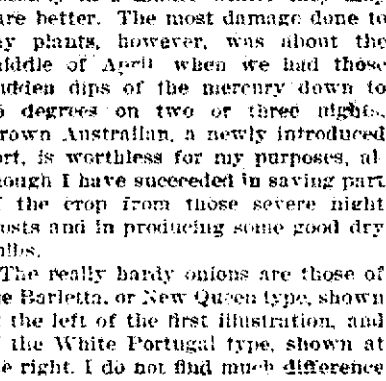
PRIZETAKER. (New Queen type.) AMERICAN PEARL. (White Portugal type.)

tipped the scales at exactly three-fourths of a pound. Seed had been sowed about Aug. 1 of last year, the plants left outdoors and thinned by taking out the larger bulbs as they developed to be used for bunching. A few of the plants left went to seed; the remainder formed nice bulbs in June and were ready to pull and cure in July.

The Prizetaker is one of the more hardy onion varieties. Sets keep especially well. Sometimes I have had some of the plants grown in the greenhouse for transplanting to open ground left over, and as they stand very thickly in beds and the soil becomes thoroughly dried out (really dust dry) in June they form tiny bulbs that make excellent sets, and these sets invariably keep in excellent condition if stored where dry and cool until wanted for planting in spring. Whether plants started from seed in open ground in August will invariably winter if left out unprotected is doubtful. I lost most of my plants last winter, but having used plenty of seed, had quite a stand after all, and possibly in a milder winter they may fare better. The most damage done to my plants, however, was about the middle of April when we had those sudden dips of the mercury down to 15 degrees or two or three nights.

Brown Australian, a newly introduced sort, is worthless for my purposes, although I have succeeded in saving part of the crop from those severe night frosts and in producing some good dry bulbs.

The really hardy onions are those of the Barlett, or New Queen type, shown at the left of the first illustration, and of the White Portugal type, shown at the right. I do not find much difference



PRIZETAKER. (Ripe July 25.)

between the White Portugal, or Silver-skin, and the American White Pearl, except that the former seems to be the harder of the two. For all sowing I would surely select White Portugal in preference to all others. The specimens here illustrated were pulled on June 20, but at that time were still quite green.—T. Greiner in Farm and Fireside.

Wheat Rust.

In view of the damage this season from rust in wheat, a recent bulletin, No. 63, on "Investigations of Rust," attracts attention. It is, however, almost entirely technical and deals largely with rust in grasses.

Professor W. M. Hays of Minnesota is credited with the remark that "a remedy for rust is hardly a closed book." Recently breeders of plants have been seeking rust resistant varieties, he says, and along this line good results are showing. The supremacy of life and blue stem wheats in the northwest and the prominence of the quality of northwestern flour have come in a large part through the rust resisting ability of these two hard and early wheats.

Feeding the Bees.

It is very poor economy to let bees go into winter without a good supply of honey in the hives. It is also very poor policy to wait until very late in autumn to feed bees. Sugar fed colonies usually winter well if fed early and given abundance to carry them well over winter. Feeding should be done at night, so that the bees can take the food at night, which they will do as well as during the day, and no trouble will arise from robbing.

"A dose in time saves lives." Dr. Wood's Norway Blue Syrup, nature's remedy for coughs, colds, pulmonary diseases of every sort.

FORTUNE TELLING

Does not take into consideration the one essential to woman's happiness—womanly health. There is many a woman whose future is absolutely unclouded who is marked by her own condition for future disappointment and distress.

The woman who neglects her health is neglecting the very foundation of all good fortune. For without health love loses its lustre and gold is but dross.

Womanly health may be retained or regained by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, dries the drains which weaken women, heals inflammation and restores female weakness. It makes weak women strong, sick women well.

Dr. Pierce offers \$500 reward for women who cannot be cured of the above diseases. His "Prescription" has been so successful in curing thousands of cases in the past third of a century that he makes this remarkable offer to show his confidence.

"I have taken six bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Miss M. L. of Orlinda, since Oct. 1, 1903, and two bottles of the Pleasant Pellets for constipation of uterus, ovaries, and bowels, and can safely say that your medicine has been the means of restoring me to good health again, which I had not had for over three years, until taking your medicine. I thank you very much for your kind and prompt attention to my letter asking advice."

"Favorite Prescription" has the testimony of thousands of women to its complete cure of womanly diseases.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets clear the complexion and sweeten the breath.

A REALISTIC ORGAN RECITAL.

Andrew Carnegie's adviser in all matters pertaining to pipe organs was the late Frederick Archer, an English organist, who gave recitals weekly at the Carnegie Music hall in Pittsburgh.

One Saturday evening Mr. Carnegie attended Archer's recital and was enraptured with the rendition of a descriptive piece which depicted a terrible storm. The howling of the wind, the surf's roar and the frequent crashes of thunder were realistically portrayed upon the majestic organ.

"It was grand," declared the iron-master enthusiastically as he greeted the organist at the recital's conclusion.

"You wouldn't believe, though," responded Mr. Archer, "that on one occasion I played that piece on a small church organ with a most complimentary result—in fact, I don't believe that I ever rendered it more naturally in imitation of the raging elements."

"What?" ejaculated the famous philanthropist. "You played that number more perfectly on a small church organ than you did tonight on that great instrument?"

"Yes," replied Mr. Archer sadly. "On that occasion, when I made ready to leave the church I found that my umbrella was missing."

"WATCH THE KIDNEYS."

"When they are affected, life is in danger," says Dr. Abernethy, the great English physician. Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, corner Main and North streets.

IRRIGATION WONDER IN INDIA.

Philadelphia Ledger—American engineers who are studying the great irrigation problems of our own country will find an especial interest in the reports of the recent gathering of the irrigation engineers at Simla and in the marvelous results recorded in the Indian empire. No victories of peace are more striking in their immediate results than those achieved by the British rulers of India, who have made the waste places to blossom, and have in ten years colonized hundreds of thousands of well-to-do yeomen upon land which for ages had been a barren desert. What these self-sacrificing, lonely men of science have done reads like a romance, and their deeds are indeed Promethean. Vast mountain ranges have been used as reservoirs, the surplus waters of one great river have been passed to another, and a mountain tunnel now taps the 10,000,000,000 cubic feet of rain which heretofore passed uselessly down the western ghats to the Arabian sea, and spreads it over the eastern tablelands. The Chenab canal alone irrigates a tract of 2,560,000 acres, and supports a colonized population of 800,000, who export huge quantities of cotton and grain. In 1893 this land was peopled by a few nomads. This transformation has been brought about by the diversion of waters from the Himalayan glaciers, at a tremendous cost in cash and human endeavor, but who will doubt its value in the face of the facts that this Punjab enterprise alone yielded in 1902-3 a net revenue of 21.26 per cent., and that its profits are still growing.

A Judicious Inquiry.

A well known traveling man who visits the drug trade says he has often heard druggists inquire of customers who asked for a cough medicine, whether it was wanted for a child or for an adult, and for a child they almost invariably recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The reason for this is that they know there is no danger from it and that it always cures. There is not the least danger in giving it, and for coughs, colds and croup it is unsurpassed. For sale by all druggists.

REFLECTIONS OF A BACHELOR.

A woman caves a great deal of money for a man by not marrying him.

No woman would want to be beautiful if it was the fashion to look like a Hottentot.

The reason farmers have so little enjoyment is they don't raise things to eat, but to sell.

A woman who devotes three hours a day to curling her hair and improving her complexion, would just die if she had to spend five minutes every morning on shaving.—New York Press.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Samuel Collins, Plaintiff, vs. Harry Rumpel, et al., Defendants. Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

Saturday the 12th day of November, 1904,

Between the hours of 10 o'clock and 12 o'clock, m., the following described lands and tenements, situate in the City of Lima, Allen County, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot number eleven hundred and twenty-three (1123) in Miller's extended addition to the City of Lima, Allen County, Ohio.

(The same being situate on south Central avenue, house No. 505.)

Appraised at \$5,000.00. Terms: One-third cash, one-third in six months and one-third in one year from date of sale.

E. J. BARR, Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio. Lima, Ohio, October 10th, 1904.

Richie & Richie, Plaintiff's Attorneys. Oct 11-tu-wed-5w

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the court of common pleas of Allen county, Ohio. Case No. 12,052.

In the matter of the application of The Number Three Oil Company for dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that on the 23rd day of September, A. D. 1904, W. J. Richie was appointed referee in the above entitled action and it was further ordered that all persons interested in said corporation be required to show cause, if any they have, why said corporation should not be dissolved, before said referee at his office in Lima, Ohio, on the 22nd day of December, 1904. And said referee was ordered to proceed on this date and on subsequent dates to which said hearing might be continued to hear the allegations and proofs of such parties and report the same to said court with statements of the property, debts, credits, and engagements of said corporation and all other matters and things pertaining to its affairs.

W. J. RICHIE, Referee. W. H. LEBBE, Attorney. 300-tu-wed-3w

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Mary B. Hansel, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administratrix of the estate of Mary B. Hansel, late of Allen County, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 21st day of October, A. D. 1904.

Sophia Steinbaugh, Administratrix. Oct 21-3w

Union Barber Shop.

TWO FIRST CLASS BARBERS—BATH—BEST BATH ROOM in the City.

SANBY & SHEPARD, Metropolitan Barber Shop.

NOTICE OF ATTACHMENT.

Before J. W. Mowen, justice of the peace, of Ottawa township, Allen county, Ohio.

F. W. Holmes, plaintiff, vs. E. H. Barto and J. W. McGowan, partners, doing business as Barto & McGowan, defendants.

On the 6th day of August A. D. 1904, said justice issued an order of attachment in the above action, for the sum of twenty-two and 72-100 dollars.

Lima, Ohio, Oct. 1st, 1904.

F. W. HOLMES, Plaintiff.

By MOTTER, MACKENZIE & WEAVER, Dock, his attorneys. 306-mo-tu-3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Indemnity Savings & Loan Co., Plaintiff, vs. John N. Stratton, et al. Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

Saturday, the 19th day of November, 1904.

Between the hours of 10 o'clock and 12 o'clock, m., the following described lands and tenements, situate in the City of Lima, Allen County, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Situated in the City of Lima, County of Allen, and State of Ohio, and known as being lot number twenty-three hundred and fifty-three (2353) in J. D. Watt's addition to Lima, Ohio, being a lot of land fronting fifty-one (51) feet and two (2) inches on Blaine avenue and extending west one hundred and seventy-two (172) feet and six (6) inches to an alley according to the plat; said lot being two-hundred (200) feet deep by actual measurement. (The same being situate on the west side of Blaine avenue, south of 3rd street.)

Appraised at \$850.00. Terms of sale: Cash.

E. J. BARR, Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio. Lima, Ohio, October 12, 1904.

COPELAND & ROGERS, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

NOTICE OF ATTACHMENT.

Before J. W. Mowen, justice of the peace, of Ottawa township, Allen county, Ohio.

F. W. Holmes, plaintiff, vs. E. H. Barto and J. W. McGowan, partners, doing business as Barto & McGowan, defendants.

On the 6th day of August A. D. 1904, said justice issued an order of attachment in the above action, for the sum of twenty-two and 72-100 dollars.

Lima, Ohio, Oct. 1st, 1904.

F. W. HOLMES, Plaintiff.

By MOTTER, MACKENZIE & WEAVER, Dock, his attorneys. 306-mo-tu-3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Indemnity Savings & Loan Co., Plaintiff, vs. John N. Stratton, et al. Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

Saturday, the 19th day of November, 1904.

Between the hours of 10 o'clock and 12 o'clock, m., the following described lands and tenements, situate in the City of Lima, Allen County, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Situated in the City of Lima, County of Allen, and State of Ohio, and known as being lot number twenty-three hundred and fifty-three (2353) in J. D. Watt's addition to Lima, Ohio, being a lot of land fronting fifty-one (51) feet and two (2) inches on Blaine avenue and extending west one hundred and seventy-two (172) feet and six (6) inches to an alley according to the plat; said lot being two-hundred (200) feet deep by actual measurement. (The same being situate on the west side of Blaine avenue, south of 3rd street.)

Appraised at \$850.00. Terms of sale: Cash.

E. J. BARR, Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio. Lima, Ohio, October 12, 1904.

TWO BUTTERFLIES

By LOWELL O. REESE

Copyright, 1904, by Lowell O. Reese

A salubrious drive from the city by the girl. I threw up my hands, figuratively, groaned literally and with an expletive not at all in harmony with the best ethics of polite society declared to my tortured soul that she had the sphinx beaten a mile.

The same old thing an elegant thing to do, I excuse it only on the ground that I was worried to the point of irresponsibility. I swore by all the gods, from the little mud god of the Digger Indian to the war god Thor, never to have anything more to say to her. Fifteen minutes later I was back on the hotel veranda watching that tantalizing, inscrutable glint in her eye. For I was human, and she was very dear to me.

And the worst of it was she knew it. Once let a girl know you love her and you are lost.

"And you don't wish me to go out with Mr. Blakelee?" she said with provoking indifference. "And why, please?"

"First, I broke out, 'because you're going to marry me, and that in itself ought'—"

"Indeed! And will you kindly tell me just when I promised to marry you, Mr. Jack Weston?"

She wasn't angry. I had not even that satisfaction. But I was both angry and in love.

"You—well, you know it's as good as settled," I began, but she interrupted me.

"As—good—as—settled?" she murmured drolly. "Watch me now," she said. She lifted her hand toward a brilliant butterfly which had alighted upon a rose at the edge of the porch. Her fingers opened. "See!" she said breathlessly. "I reach my hand—my fingers nearly touch him. Have I got him, though? It seems all I have to do is to close my fingers so—ah!" The saucy creature fluttered her just as her fingers brushed his striped wings. "I didn't get him!" she sighed. "And I was so sure of him!"

She jumped up, gave me a teasing smile and ran down the steps. Presently I saw her with Blakelee going toward the boat landing. A little later they were moving briskly up the river, and then I saw—

It made my heart stop. Blakelee's palmy was the rawest dub in a canoe, and a canoe with an unskillful

shell bobbed like a cork, but I held it straight ahead and watched it with the instinct of one trained to the paddle. And then the ruin came!

As I rounded a bend in the channel I saw them. They were lugged under a heavy pine near the water's edge. The waves were trying to drag the canoe away from the bank, and Blakelee, the picture of woe, was struggling to get it ashore.

I ran my canoe close in and sprang upon the bank before they saw me. It was growing dark, what with the storm and the lateness of the hour. Miss Milwood turned and gave a glad cry.

"Oh, Jack," she said piteously, "I'm so glad! We've been unable to get home! Our canoe was beaten back by the storm, and it upset and we were thrown into the water, and it was a mercy it was near the shore, else we'd have drowned!"

"How did you escape?" I asked stiffly.

"We—well, I waded! And I'm chilling to death, Jack!" Her lips were blue with cold, and she shivered miserably. Poor Blakelee was in no better plight.

I hastened to right the other canoe with Blakelee's help. Then I put the luckless boatman aboard, paddled him across to the mainland and bade him sprint for the hotel and get a roaring fire ready. I then recrossed the river, lifted the terrified girl into the large canoe, tied the other behind and set out in the teeth of the storm. Doggedly and steadily, keeping as much as possible in the lee of the shore, we crept down the angry sheet of water. Miss Milwood, strangely quiet, huddled in the bottom of the canoe and said not a word. But I could hear her teeth chattering and I felt love and pity struggling hard with my new resolution to be grimly firm and uncompromising.

My muscles were aching and my heart throbbing as though it would burst when at last we drew into the shelter of the boathouse. I fastened the canoes and lifted the wet figure ashore.

"Oh, Jack," she quavered, "I should have died if you hadn't!"

"I beg you won't mention it, Miss Milwood," I said with exaggerated politeness. It was a mean thing to say. I realized it at the time, but it was necessary if I was to crush the fierce longing to take her in my arms.

I hurried her up to the hotel. From time to time she pushed back her wet hair and gazed at me with a pathetic wistfulness which I affected not to see. The storm had blown swiftly away, and the big white moon was spelling through the sky dotted with scudding cloud drift.

I resigned her to the care of the solicitous Mrs. Kernus, who was all sympathy and bustling motherliness. Blakelee was there in an agony of contrition. I went away, changed my wet clothing and sat down within the half-lighted library, gloomily watching the pine logs in the wide fireplace.

After about an hour a timid hand pulled the curtains, and I knew without turning my head who it was. She came in slowly.

"Jack," she said tremulously.

I sprang to my feet and offered her a chair. She refused to notice it. She held out her hands. I in turn refused to notice them.

"Jack," she whispered, "are you angry?"

"Not at all, Miss Milwood!" I rejoined, still excessively polite and proper. "I am merely going to reform."

She knew.

For a moment she stood silent with her head bent down. I stood gazing over her head with eyes which dared not look for a moment at hers, else all were lost. Then I heard her sob.

"It was a bad day for butterflies," I muttered huskily.

She glanced up, and I saw her eyes filled with tears. "This butterfly is tired, Jack—dear Jack!" she whispered. "It doesn't want to fly!"

"Never for always?"

"Never for always!"

It was good—all that wretchedness and anxiety of long months, when she lay tight against my breast and I kissed the perverse red lips—now and sweetly submissive, perverse no more, for the butterfly was caught!

BEEF MEN QUITTING.

Corn Belt Feeders Going Out of Business—The Time to Buy.

It has been many a day since trade in pure bred beef cattle was so dull as it is now. One breeder who has been in the business many years says that he never saw so little demand; another asks what is the matter and declares that he has cut his prices, but without attracting trade. And so it goes.

The trouble is solely and simply that beef makers are discouraged. They have had several money losing years, and when a man has put a couple of corn crops into beef that sells below cost he is not very enthusiastic over pure bred cattle or any other kind of cattle.

Mr. Kerriek says that the corn belt feeders are going out of the cattle business because of their high priced land it won't pay. A good many people are going out of the business if we may judge by the character of the receipts at stockyards, and by the same token many of them ought to go out and stay out till they know the difference between bones and beef.

But what does all this mean? It means that in the future beef cattle will pay. The producers are being weeded out, the ranges are succumbing to the sheep and the settler, the farm land is getting too dear to raise steers on, and some day the country will awake to the fact that it is short of cattle. These periodical spells of discouragement always mean higher prices in the future. We have seen sheep sell too low to pay their own freight to market, good hogs at \$2 per hundredweight and fat cattle at \$3 in the country, and every time they went right to the other extreme.

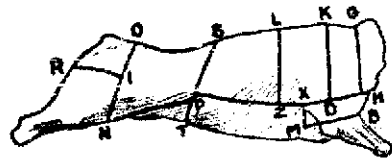
And here a suggestion. Breeders are selling pure bred cattle comparatively cheap because they have to. They do not thank us for saying so, perhaps, but we know that prices are lower than for some years. Good pure bred beef cattle can be bought right, and if they are the kind needed we advise their purchase.

That the time to begin is when the rest are quitting has proved true in the live stock business of this country. The beef men are quitting.—National Stockman.

CUTTING UP BEEF.

Diagram of a Carcass Showing the Wholesale Cuts.

Beef should not be cut until the muscles have set firmly. When they are in the proper condition divide the carcass into hind and fore quarters, from S to T, between the twelfth and



CARCASS OF BEEF. (Showing wholesale cuts.)

thirteenth ribs. This leaves one rib in the hind quarter. Lay the hind quarter on the block or table with the inside up. Remove the kidney and snout, cut off the flank as indicated by the line N to P in the illustration. Turn the quarter over and cut off the loin, beginning at the middle of the sacrum near O, and cutting to a point one and a half or two inches above the saddle joint at N. If cut as directed but little sawing will be necessary, as the division will be made in front of the ball and socket joint of the hip. Turn the remainder of the quarter over and separate the rump from the round just below the pelvic arch and parallel to the backbone, as indicated by line H to I. Lay the fore quarter on the block with the outside up. Beginning at P, ten to thirteen inches down the rib from the spinal column, the distance depending on the thickness of the meat, cut across the ribs to the armpit above M. Cut between the third and fourth ribs to M and then across the flank to B. Then cut off the cross ribs just below the shoulder joint, H to N. The prime ribs are then taken off between the fifth and sixth ribs, I to Z, counting from the front. This cut contains seven ribs and is usually taken off in one piece, though it may be cut into as many as are desired. Cut off the remaining five ribs, called chuck ribs, making the division between the first rib and the shoulder bone, K to D. Divide the neck and shoulder, G to H. These cuts are all too large for family use and may be again divided into joints of suitable size for the table as wanted.—Andrew Boss.

The New Dutch Onion Culture.

The new Dutch onion culture embodies the sowing of the seed during summer or fall, leaving the seedlings out all winter, and pulling the plants for bunching as soon as they attain to proper size, says Farm and Fireside.

One Thing and Another.

A remarkable increase in the percentage of sugar in sugar beets is claimed. A few years ago 12 per cent of sugar was the standard. It is said that last season in many cases the entire crop sold to a factory averaged 15 to 18 per cent.

Ohio has again sustained the reputation of its excellent state fairs. Fine horses, including a strong display of draft animals; Shortorns, for which the state is noted, and very creditable clippings of sheep have been among the attractions of the last fair.

The Nebraska state fair reports one of the best meetings on its record, with large attendance and superior displays in farm machinery and produce, fruit and live stock.

The amount of sugar made from the beet crop of 1903 was 240,000 tons as compared with 218,000 tons from the crop of 1902 and 184,000 tons from that of 1901.

Wichita Eagle: It is really funny to hear some women explain why their husbands are business failures. Some other man is always to blame.

MILLIONS FOR FAME.

(London Answer): "One thousand pounds, cash down. If you will insert this notice of my marriage!"

That was the tempting offer made by a gentleman to a leading daily newspaper some months ago. The notice only a twenty-line paragraph, had appeared the day previous in a rival but less influential journal, and the more powerful contemporary now refused to insert it. But in the paper it must go, and the applicant was ready to offer almost any amount, so long as it appeared. Yet, not withstanding such an offer, the management stuck to their guns, and the paragraph never found a place in its columns.

That his 17-year-old daughter might get her chance on the stage, a well-known stock broker guaranteed the whole of the expenses of a new production, conditionally upon his favorite being given, and trained for the leading role. The venture cost him over £7000, but the young lady has since earned a creditable theatrical reputation.

A unique means adopted to gain public notice was that of a well-known South African magnate, who enlisted the services of a great advertising agency. They contracted to get him "paragraphed" in every society journal, to secure the publication of interviews and portraits, and in every way to "boom" him in the public press. As a matter of fact they even went further, and getting hold of a struggling journalist, got a novel written by him, which was published under the name of their client and boomed into favor. For a little more than five years this remarkable "advertising" went on. To-day their customer is one of the best-known men in the country, has gained a little, and has been adopted as a candidate for a great northern constituency. The price he paid for fame was less than £2000.

During some recent balloon and flying-machine experiments, a well-known and enterprising London cleric offered the proprietor £1000 for the privilege of going up in the air at each public trial. By this means he hoped to gain notoriety for himself and bring his church into prominence. The offer was promptly refused; but the reverend gentleman has since succeeded in inducing another noted aeronaut to accept his offer, and will shortly make his first trip to cloudland.

A well-known Philadelphia philanthropist, who made his wealth in a great coal-mining and hardware business, spent a huge sum on his retirement in an effort to disassociate himself from his commercial connection. He was apparently ashamed of the means which had brought his wealth and made his name a household word throughout the world. He thereupon changed his name by letters patent, and spent £5000 in advertising the fact. Double that amount must have been expended in the paraphrasing and booming which followed, and now his adopted name is almost as well known as was his trade name.

When royalty visits a provincial town the authorities frequently receive most extraordinary offers from wealthy but hitherto unnoticed residents who are desirous of playing some part in the pageant. An instance of this kind occurred quite recently, when the King and Queen went into the provinces. The Mayor of an important seaport received from a retired tradesman of lavish means an offer to bear the whole cost of the town's festivities provided the donor should be chosen to present the engraved memento of the event to their majesties. What this offer would have entailed would best be understood when we state that the corporation spent £3215 on the visit.

A few years ago a popular actress, whose latest production was proving disastrous, induced a friend or accomplice to utter a libelous criticism of the play. She thereupon took proceedings against him. The case occupied considerable space in the papers, and the amusing nature of the evidence attracted immense attention. She won her case and got heavy damages; she also gained success for her play. But all the costs were borne by her, and for this advertisement she had to pay several hundreds of pounds.

A well-known lady who was present at court a few years ago found that her name, for some reason, had been omitted from the papers. She thereupon offered a leading firm of advertisers £1000 if they would secure the insertion of a special paragraph in the principal dailies. The firm refused, whereupon she personally sent offers of various large amounts all of which, to her chagrin, were rejected.

More fortunate in securing prominence for a similar event was a worthy provincial magnate in the year of his Mayoralty. To his mind, the favor of royalty towards him was not sufficiently noticed, and he had the report, as it appeared in the local journal, inserted as an advertisement in the best papers of his county—a novelty which cost him a trifle over £300.

Robbed The Grave.

A startling incident is narrated by John Oliver, Philadelphia, as follows: "I was in an awful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite, growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Then I was advised to use Electric Bitters; to my great joy the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at H. F. Vorkamp's drug store, corner Main and North streets.

C. H. & D. EXCURSIONS.

Cincinnati and Return. Sunday, October 30th, \$1.50. Trains at 2 a. m. and 7:10 a. m.

Toledo and Return. Sunday, October 30th, \$1.25. Trains leave at 7:45 and 11:55 a. m.

How to Cure Corns and Bunions.

First soak the corn or bunion in warm water to soften it; then pare it down as closely as possible without drawing blood and apply Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice a day. Rubbing gently for five minutes at each application for corn plaster should be used a few days to protect it from the shoe. As a general balm for sprains, bruises, lameness and rheumatism, Pain Balm is unequalled. For sale by all druggists.



Mrs. L. C. Glover, Vice Pres. Milwaukee, Wis., Business Woman's Association, is another one of the million women who have been restored to health by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: I was married for several years and no children blessed my home. The doctor said I had a complication of female troubles and I could not have any children unless I could be cured. He tried to cure me, but after experimenting for several months, my husband became disgusted, and one night when we noticed a testimonial of a woman who had been cured of similar trouble through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, he went out and bought a bottle for me. I used your medicine for three and one-half months, improving steadily in health, and in twenty-two months a child came. I cannot fully express the joy and thankfulness that is in my heart. Our home is a different place now, as we have something to live for, and all the credit is due to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Yours very sincerely, Mrs. L. C. GLOVER, 614 Grove St., Milwaukee, Wis." Vice President, Milwaukee Business Woman's Ass'n.

Women should not fail to profit by the experience of these two women: just as surely as they were cured of the troubles enumerated in their letters, just so certainly will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure others who suffer from womb troubles, inflammation of the ovaries, kidney troubles, nervous excitability, and nervous prostration; remember that it is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that is curing women, and don't allow any druggist to sell you anything else in its place.

An Indiana Lady Tells of a Wonderful Cure:—

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: It is a pleasure for me to write and tell what your wonderful medicine has done for me. I was sick for three years with change of life, and my physician thought a cancerous condition of the womb. During these three years I suffered untold agony.

"I cannot find words in which to express my bad feelings. I did not expect to ever see another well day. I read some of the testimonials recommending your medicine and decided to write to you and give your treatment a trial.

"Before I had taken half a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I began to sleep. I have taken now six bottles and am so well I can do all kinds of work."—Mrs. LIZZIE HINALE, Salem, Ind.

If there is anything in your case about which you would like special advice, write freely to Mrs. Pinkham. She can surely help you, for no person in America can speak from a wider experience in treating female ills. Address is Lynn, Mass.; her advice is free and always helpful.

\$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

LOSSES WERE SLIGHT.

W. A. Wright, insurance commissioner of Georgia, attended recently an insurance men's banquet in Atlanta.

"The president of an insurance company," he said, "once told me that, if you were interested in fire insurance, you were amazed at the carelessness and the disregard of fire precautions to be found everywhere; and if you were interested in life insurance, it seemed as though men and women did not value their own nor their neighbors' lives at a penny. You got he said, a new point of view on fire and death when you were financially interested in those calamities.

"He added that it seemed to insurance men as though mankind regarded conflagration and mortality much as the woman on the river bank regarded her children's drowning—as a matter of course, not worth fighting against or grieving over.

"This woman lived on the bank of a swift and deep stream. The stream flowed past her back door, and on the bank her children played.

"A traveler passed in his boat one day and was appalled at the risk the little children ran.

"'Madam,' he shouted to their mother, 'aren't you afraid to let your children play so near the stream?'

"'Oh, no,' said the woman indifferently. 'Oh, no.'

"'Have you lived here long, madam?' the traveler pursued.

"'Yes, a good many years,' said she.

"'Well, I should think that, with the river so near, you would live in constant fear that some of your little ones would be drowned.'

"'Oh, no,' said the woman; 'we have only lost three or four in that way.'—Kansas City Journal.

SPENT MORE THAN \$1000.

"My wife suffered from lung trouble for fifteen years, she tried a number of doctors and spent over \$1000 without relief," writes W. W. Baker of Plainville, Neb. "She became very low and lost all hope. A friend recommended Foley's Honey and Tar and, thanks to this great remedy, it saved her life. She enjoys better health than she has known in ten years." Refuse substitutes.

Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, corner Main and North streets.

ONE ON FITZHUGH LEE.

General Fitzhugh Lee, in narrating reminiscences of the civil war, said that just after the surrender of Appomattox he was riding along a lane when he met a North Carolina soldier struggling along on foot.

"Where are you going?" asked General Lee.

"Back to join General Bob Lee," said the other. "I've been home on a furlough."

"Throw away your gun and go back home again. Lee's surrendered."

"Lee's surrendered?" queried the amazed soldier.

"That's what I said."

"Then it must have been that durned Fitz Lee. Bob Lee would never surrender," and the soldier resumed his tramp.—New York Times.

THE RIGHT ROAD.

The Chicago Great Western Railway offers superior service and lowest rates to any one contemplating a trip to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Des Moines, Kansas City or Omaha. For further information apply to W. D. Jones, T. P. A., 915 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa. d&w t-t

A Great Sensation.

There was a big sensation in Leesville, Ind., when W. H. Brown of that place, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. He writes: "I endured insufferable agonies from Asthma but your New Discovery gave me immediate relief and soon thereafter effected a complete cure. Similar cases of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Grip are numerous. It's the peerless remedy for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and \$1. Guaranteed by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist, cor. Main and North streets.

The Crescent
CENTRAL LOCATION
50 Elegant Furnished Rooms,
Single or En Suite.
Everything New and Up-to-Date.
Steam Heated.

"HOFELLER"
On Underwear means quality. 50c up. Sole agents for Dr. Deimel Linen Mesh Underwear. Try it.
EAST SIDE SQUARE

JOHN M. BOOSE,
The Leading Real Estate and Loan Broker.

Homes and vacant lots for sale in all parts of the city. Bonds collected and estate managed. Money to loan at the lowest possible rate of interest. Notary public in and out of State. Room 301 Block Bink. Roth Phone.

HOLLISTER'S
Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Bary Medicine for Bary People.
Brings Golden Health and Prolonged Vigor.
A specific for Consumption, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Stomach Disorders, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 25 cents a box. Genuine Nugget for Hollister's Drug Company, 315 West 10th. GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SAILOR PEOPLE

LUTZ'S
BARBER SHOP AND BATH ROOMS
For Ladies and Gentlemen.
Hot, Cold, Shower and Vapor Baths.
Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting.
Done to Order.
Northeast corner Public Square.

CALVIN S. BRICE

5c CIGAR.

THE OIL MARKET.

Tiona oil\$1.71
Penna. oil1.56
Corning oil1.33
New Castle oil1.43
North Lima oil1.05
South Lima oil1.00
Indiana oil1.00
Somerset oil1.01
Raglan oil60

Some Seasonable Advice.

It may be a piece of superfluous advice to urge people at this season of the year to lay in a supply of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is almost sure to be needed before winter is over, and much more prompt and satisfactory results are obtained when taken as soon as a cold is contracted and before it has become settled in the system, which can only be done by keeping the remedy at hand. This remedy is so widely known and so altogether good that no one should hesitate about buying it in preference to any other. It is for sale by all druggists.

THE RIGHT ROAD.

The Chicago Great Western Railway offers superior service and lowest rates to any one contemplating a trip to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Des Moines, Kansas City or Omaha. For further information apply to W. D. Jones, T. P. A., 915 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa. d&w t-t

A Great Sensation.

There was a big sensation in Leesville, Ind., when W. H. Brown of that place, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. He writes: "I endured insufferable agonies from Asthma but your New Discovery gave me immediate relief and soon thereafter effected a complete cure. Similar cases of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Grip are numerous. It's the peerless remedy for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and \$1. Guaranteed by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist, cor. Main and North streets.

COLUMBUS AND RETURN \$1.00.

From Wapakoneta, next Sunday via Ohio Central lines.

King's Dyspepsia Tablets cure indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach troubles.

OIL Company Is Not Paying If the Charge In a Petition Can Be Substantiated.

Application Made for a Receiver to Take Over K. & T. Company.

Lima Electric Light Co., Wants Injunction to Prevent Cutting of Wires in Moving a House. Court Matters.

With three new petitions filed yesterday and three more today the legal fraternity seems bent on making amends for the past week, during which there was a lull that meant any thing but encouragement for the county clerk. The ice once broken, however, and a flood of new business has been the result. In today's budget application is made for a receiver, an injunction is sought and the inevitable divorce suit blows up serenely.

NEGLECT OF PROPERTY

Is Charged and Receiver Is Asked for Kentucky and Tennessee Oil Co.

The Jarochi Manufacturing Company asks for the appointment of a receiver to take charge of the property belonging to the Kentucky and Tennessee Oil Co. A claim is filed by the plaintiffs for \$342.61 for which judgment is asked and to obtain this payment the court is informed that it will be necessary to put the property of the defendant company in charge of some responsible person. The plaintiff's claim is wholly unsecured but it is contended that the defendant possesses certain described assets and producing wells which are being neglected because of failure in management. Debtors are standing against the property which if paid will absorb the assets and there will only then be sufficient left for that purpose, providing the property is taken in charge by the court for its preservation and sale. If such action is not taken the petition declares that the creditors will lose a part of not all of their claims. Consequently the court is asked to name a receiver to take charge of the oil and keep the company a going concern until the plaintiff's claim and those of other creditors are liquidated.

SEEKS AN INJUNCTION

To Prevent the Disturbance of Wires in the Moving of a House.

The Lima Electric Light & Power Co. appears as plaintiff in an injunction suit against John P. Tarkner who makes a business of moving houses. Complaint is made that the defendant is moving a house on west North street which he proposes to take down the alley between Main and Elizabeth streets, where the plan

has a net work of wires carrying heavy voltage to its street car line, and power for the lighting of the city and business houses. In order to get the house dismantled is moving through the alley, it will be necessary to cut and disconnect the wires, greatly to the injury of the plaintiff's business, and of serious inconvenience to the public. The court is asked to enjoin the defendant from proceeding in that direction, and a temporary restraining order has been issued. Richie & Richie represent the plaintiff.

THE OVERFLOWING CUP

Proves the Undealing of Joseph Pillars, Defendant in a Divorce Action.

Sprague & Lippencott, representing Mrs. Irene Pillars, petition the court for a divorce for their client, and designate the defendant, Joseph Pillars, as an habitual drunkard. They were married at Wapakoneta June 29 1886, and have three children, two sons aged 15 and 8, and a daughter, aged 11, all of whom are with the mother, who claims to be supporting them by keeping boarders and taking in washing. The wife says that the habitual use of intoxicants has resulted in idleness and dissipation which consumes all the money earned by defendant together with a pension of \$12. Cruelty and abuse are charged, and the plaintiff says she has been made to suffer because of unwarranted charges of immorality being made against her by her husband. She says that while the action for divorce is pending she will be disturbed in her home by the defendant, and the court was asked to enjoin him from interfering with her in any way, or trying to get possession of the children.

THE JURY'S VERDICT

Opens the Doors of the Penitentiary to the C. H. & D. News Butcher. The trial of F. J. Menno, occupied all of yesterday, but was concluded in time to give it to the jury. At 8:25 last night a verdict was returned finding the defendant guilty of pocket picking, as charged in the indictment. Menno was a news butcher on the C. H. & D. passenger trains and was arrested for stealing a watch from a young lady passenger. The watch was found on him but he claimed as a defense that he picked it up in the seat.

Another Criminal Case.

Horace and Josephine Hogan are on trial today, charged with pocket picking. A. L. Ramsey appears as the prosecuting witness, and claims money was stolen from him by the defendants while he was asleep. All the parties to the case are colored.

FOR FIRST CLASS COAL CALL THE W. H. CHRISTY FUEL CO., NEW PHONE 562, ROOM 7 TIMES-DEMOCRAT BLOCK.

HARVEST HOME SUPPER AT THE MARKET STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, FRIDAY, OCT. 28, 5 TO 7 O'CLOCK.

LADIES DRIVING HORSE.

For sale—One blood-bay mare Seven years old. About 16 hands high with stylish appearance. A willing goer, head up and good looking. Driven all summer by ladies and is thoroughly broke. Does not scare at autos, electric or street cars. Can be seen and driven at any time by prospective buyer. A fine ladies' and family mare. Price \$180. Address box No. 1218, Wapakoneta, O. 1-21

Y. M. C. A. RUMMAGE SALE NOV. 1, 2, 3, AND 4.

O. E. S.

Regular meeting of Trinity Chapter No. 16 Thursday evening, October 28, 7:30. Officers and members be very prompt.

Matilda Bowser W. M. Anne Chizbe Secy

QUEEN

New Laces and Trimmings.

This is the season of lace, and laces were never more beautiful. The collection we show this season easily surpasses former years.

G. E. BLUM,
221-223 North Main Street.

MIDNIGHT

Visit Paid by the Republican-Gazette

To a Gentleman Whose Convictions of Right Are Above His Loyalty to Party.

Mr. Charles Truesdale, the good republican, who has consented to permit his name to be placed on the democratic ticket through a desire to keep the educational matters of this city out of the dirty hands of politicians, went to his bed last night satisfied with the righteousness of his doing, and was soon fast asleep.

Thus he continued until 12:30 a. m., when he heard someone battering his door down in an effort to gain admission. Mr. Truesdale asked the intruder who he was, and what he wanted, and back came the answer:

"I am a representative of the Republican-Gazette, and we want to know if it is so that you are going to allow your name to go on the school board ticket the democrats will present?"

The answer was in the affirmative and the Republican-Gazette man slid away in the darkness to report to Ginn & Co. that there plot had received another body blow, in the selection of Mr. Truesdale who is one of the most popular men in Lima, whose character is above reproach, who will be elected, who as a member of the board of education will do that which is for the best interests of all, and who will wear no bosses' collar.

Public sentiment is crystallizing. The people are going to kill the Ginn & Co. grafters at the polls.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY WILL BE THE LAST DAYS OF REGISTRATION IN LIMA. DON'T LOSE YOUR VOTE BY FAILURE TO REGISTER. 10-11

JUST WHAT YOU WANT IN THE WAY OF MADE UP CLOTHING AT THE Y. M. C. A. RUMMAGE SALE.

THE IDLER.

The house traders who caused such a stir around Dunkirk and who signified their intention of coming to Kenton, will find that the city authorities will not receive them very cordially.

It was intimated today that they would not be permitted within the corporate limits of Kenton and the officers will keep close watch upon them. It is not thought that these people will be permitted to rent a house in the city as was reported they would—Kenton Republican.

The above paper further intimates that the gang are headed westward, possibly this city.

"That Col. Bryan is the idol of the people was fully demonstrated at the Charleston meeting, Saturday night," said Hon. H. C. Garber, to a party of newspaper men on the Bryan train, yesterday. "After the Colonel had finished his address and stepped from the platform, hundreds of women crowded about him, put their hands upon his coat and said: 'There, I touched him!'"

Hon. T. T. Ansherry, the democratic candidate for congress, met the Bryan party in Van Wert yesterday, and gave a good account of the outlook for the ticket in his district.

It is not very often that Lima people are given the privilege of hearing such a magnificent voice as was heard last night in the several numbers sung by Mr. Schwahn, the Toledo baritone, at the Congregational church. Both in volume and expression, Mr. Schwahn excels and in quality of tone, there are few his equal in the country.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY WILL BE THE LAST DAYS OF REGISTRATION IN LIMA. DON'T LOSE YOUR VOTE BY FAILURE TO REGISTER. 10-11

Scald head is an eczema of the scalp—very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Doan's Ointment, quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

GIRLS

Take a Hand in the Game

And Will Play

Basket in Ohler's Auditorium

Will Appear This Afternoon For the First Practice Game.

Buckeye Team and White Stars Will Start the Season a Week From Friday High School Foot Ball Game.

The young ladies' basket ball team of the high school will eventually be made up of fifteen who have signified their intention to enter into the practice of the great indoor sport. They have been taken in charge by Miss McCoy, teacher of history, and she will give them the benefit of her experience in athletics while at college. Several of the young ladies have secured their costumes and will appear for the practice for the first time at Ohler hall this afternoon. As soon as they have shown sufficient advancement a contest will be arranged to which the public is invited and as Sidney Kenton, and several other nearby towns have representative girl clubs it is expected that several games will be played with outside talent during the season.

Buckeye Team at It.

The basket ball team composed of employees of the Buckeye pipe line had a whirl at the game in practice yesterday evening and will get into shape to meet the "White Stars" in a contest at Ohler hall a week from Friday. Several of the old timers make up the Buckeye five, including Willis Klumpf, and the boys expect to put up a fast go when they appear against the fast squad that constitutes the White Stars.

First Game at Home.

The Lima High school will play its first game at home Friday afternoon with the Bluffton eleven. The locals have been strengthened since the game with Fostoria, and show up much better in practice. This puts them in good shape for the contest with Bluffton and they have a good chance to win. It is the determination on the part of all to at least hold the championship of Allen county and it is the hope that sufficient strength and science may develop to even the score with Fostoria before the close of the season. The game Friday will be played at the fair grounds and Wednesday of next week a game, to give the boys the right kind of practice, will be played on the Lutheran college campus with the students of that institution.

Dr. Dade's Little Liver Pills cure liver ills. H. F. Vortkamp, druggist.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY WILL BE THE LAST DAYS OF REGISTRATION IN LIMA. DON'T LOSE YOUR VOTE BY FAILURE TO REGISTER. 10-11

GRAND RALLY

Of the G. A. R. Posts Will be Held at Dayton Wednesday.

The G. A. R. Posts of Dayton have made arrangements to hold a Grand Rally of the Posts of Western Ohio in the City of Dayton, Oct. 26, 1934.

Col. J. B. Thomas, Governor of the Central Branch National Military Home, unites with the committee in this undertaking and has rendered the use of Memorial Hall and the splendid band of the Home for the afternoon Camp Fire. Receptions are arranged for the forenoon, with camp fires at night by the Dayton Posts.

The Commander in Chief Blackmar, and staff, are expected to be present. Good speakers in abundance and good music to entertain the comrades. The effect will be to infuse new life in the comrades and stimulate renewed efforts to win new recruits to our membership, and will be a powerful factor in persuading the old soldiers to look with favor on the Grand Army of the Republic.

The Department Commander and staff have accepted invitations and will be present. He hopes the comrades generally and all ex-soldiers will make arrangements to attend this rally in large numbers, as it certainly promises to be an occasion long to be remembered. 021

It's like a "dip in the fountain of youth." Touches the cheek so gently that "youth lingers on the face of old age." That's what Mother's Rocky Mountain Tea does. 25 cents, tea or tablets. H. F. Vortkamp.

PUBLIC SQUARE. **Eilerman** CLOTHING CO. LIMA, OHIO.

The Unmatchable Store for Men's and Boys' Apparel

No Other Clothing Organization Maintains Such Complete Stocks.

Every day new garments come in from Eilerman's work rooms. At the Eilerman Clothing Co.'s store you'll find complete assortments always. Piles of merchandise—every good kind of material—every weight and sensible cut.

Great Interest Centers in Our Vast Showing.

Men's Suits and Overcoats from Five to Twenty Dollars.

Every one of them is fully warranted—every new style and fabric is included—they are lined with native and imported serge, venetian cloth and leatherine, made up in our own factory by best tailor hands, insuring good tailoring. It is a good time right now to make a selection.

\$5, \$7.50, \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20.

Young Men's Sizes \$4.50, \$7, \$8.50, \$10, \$12, \$15.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST OUTFITTERS FOR MEN AND BOYS.

BRYAN

Finishes His Run Across

Buckeye State

By Speaking to 25,000 People

At Hamilton, Which City Gave Him a Magnificent Ovation in Return.

Delphos and Van Wert Turned Out Immense Crowds to Hear His Masterful and Eloquent Appeal.

The wonderful tour of Hon. W. J. Bryan across the state ended in his addressing an audience of twenty-five thousand people at Hamilton in that grand old democratic bairwick, Butler county and it was a fitting finale to a day during which one hundred thousand people listened to his masterful logic and brilliant oratory. After leaving Lima Delphos was the first stop. Here 2500 people had gathered about the Pennsylvania depot to hear the distinguished Neorashan. His talk was on imperialism and while necessarily brief, was given close attention and was frequently interrupted with waves of applause.

Van Wert Reached.

Van Wert was reached only five minutes behind the schedule arranged by Chairman Carter. A crowd of five thousand people were anxiously awaiting the coming of their idol, and when he appeared on the rear platform of his car a cheer arose that seemed sufficient in volume to rear the very air assunder. For fifteen minutes Col. Bryan spoke and during his address, the concourse of people seemed actually spell bound.

His address in this city will be published in full in tomorrow's edition of the Times Democrat.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Finicle, of east Elm street, left today for a visit with friends in Columbus.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Dimond, of west High street, a daughter, C. W. Beelman, of Columbus, Ga., is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Beelman, of Eureka street.

Passenger Fireman John Riker, of the C. H. & D., is all smiles. It is a big girl that arrived at his home yesterday.

EVEN CHURCHES DID NOT ESCAPE BURNING.

South Royalton, Mass., Oct. 25.—Several buildings were burned and the entire village at one time was threatened with destruction by a fire which started in the packing house of the George E. Whitney Woolen mill. The mill, the Congregational church, Mechanic Hall and two dwellings were destroyed. Aid was summoned from Athol and Baldwin. Loss will reach \$100,000.

Pianos

Steinway, Knabe, Weber, Boardman & Gray, Krakauer Bros., Whitney & Currier, Ludwig, Kimball, Shoninger and several other makes. Uprights, Pianos, Orchestral.

A Magnificent Fall Stock

New Styles, Choicest Woods, More Good Quality for the Money than Elsewhere.

The Whitney & Currier Co.,
211-213 West High Street.

Ye Old Fashioned Kind PURE HOREHOUND DROPS

At 50 a package and if your cold is so severe or your cough so tight that horehound won't relieve you, buy a bottle of ours.

Rexall Cherry Juice Cough Syrup.

We guarantee one dose to stop any cough and one bottle to cure it—or refund the purchase price—25c. Only at our store.

H. F. VORTKAMP,

DRUGGIST, Lima, Ohio.

STORY AFLOAT THAT RUSSIA

Has Purchased Chilean Navy Which Will Join Russian Second Pacific Squadron.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 25.—A story is current here that Russia has purchased the Chilean navy, which will join the Russian second Pacific squadron. According to the report an intrusion of Chilean neutrality will be avoided by transferring the ships to Turkey, for which the ports will receive \$2,500,000 from Russia. While the story receives some credence it is denied in responsible quarters.

BULLETIN.

Paris, Oct. 25.—The vigilant watch kept at the northern and western ports of France has failed to sight the Russian squadron.

EDITOR DEAD.

Columbus, O., Oct. 25.—Wm. F. Krammer, aged sixty-five, former well known German editor, and consul to Horgen, Switzerland, under President Cleveland, died shortly after last midnight at his home here, from a hemorrhage of the stomach. He leaves a wife and three grown children.

LECTURE ON CHINA.

Mrs. H. K. Shumaker, of Canton, China, will give an address on "Missionary life in that great empire," on Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock at the United Brethren church. She was employed by the Woman's Board of the U. B. church for 12 years in missionary work in China. All are invited. A reception will be given by the ladies of the church in her honor at the close of the address. Light refreshments will be served.

BEHOLD A GREATER THAN BILL

MYE HAS ARISEN.

Lecture by Ralph Parlette, humorist, at Epworth church, Wednesday 7:30 p. m. Admission 25 cents. 0-3

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY WILL BE THE LAST DAYS OF REGISTRATION IN LIMA. DON'T LOSE YOUR VOTE BY FAILURE TO REGISTER. 10-11

BUTTER MAKERS.

St. Louis, Oct. 25.—With an attendance of 300 delegates, the eleventh annual meeting of the butter makers Association convened on the world's fair grounds. Addresses were made by Frederick K. W. Taylor, chief of the world's fair department of agriculture, and others.

Pineapple acts like a positive. H. F. Vortkamp.

On Sore Throats
The Chuloos chew
Colgan's Tuffy Tolu
(The Gum With Salicylate To It)
It prevents throat.
Be a Chuloos.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

Ladies' Shirts

"Handy as a Pocket in a Shirt."

Not a Shirt Waist, but a regular Shirt but giving the same effect when on the form. The most satisfactory garment a lady ever put on. This cut shows one of them. Sold stacks of them Saturday. Have some left and have more coming. Get a Shirt and you'll be totally tickled.

Light & Conner
Leaving Ready-to-Wear Garment House.